















Insects Innovation in Gastronomy

Manuale operativo



Linee guida per la promozione del consumo di insetti







Avvertenze:

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Introduzione

Perchè questo manuale?

L'industria alimentare globale sta affrontando un cambio di paradigma verso fonti alimentari più sostenibili, nutrienti e rispettose dell'ambiente. Gli insetti commestibili si sono affermati come una soluzione praticabile per affrontare la sicurezza alimentare, ridurre l'impronta ecologica e offrire proteine di alta qualità. Tuttavia, la loro ampia accettazione rimane una sfida a causa di percezioni culturali, disinformazione e mancanza di integrazione culinaria.

Questo Manuale d'Azione si propone come guida pratica per aiutare ristoratori, fornitori di alimenti e professionisti della cucina a introdurre gli insetti commestibili in un modo che sia attraente, accessibile e commercialmente sostenibile. È progettato per essere replicabile, basato sui dati e basato sulla ricerca scientifica, offrendo soluzioni concrete per aumentare l'accettazione e la domanda da parte dei consumatori.

Struttura del manuale

Questo manuale è strutturato attorno a 14 linee guida basate sull'evidenza scientifica, sviluppate da un consorzio di esperti provenienti da sette organizzazioni nei settori dell'alimentazione, dell'istruzione, della psicologia, dell'ospitalità e della ricerca. Ogni partner ha contribuito con due linee guida, garantendo un approccio completo e interdisciplinare. Queste linee guida sono raggruppate in sette aree tematiche chiave:

- 1. Come creare un menù accattivante che includa gli insetti
- 2. Come promuovere atteggiamenti e comportamenti positivi nei confronti degli insetti commestibili
- 3. Combattere il rigetto e la fobia per l'entomofagia
- 4. Abbinamenti e abbinamenti alimentari di successo con gli insetti
- 5. Sinergie tra ristoranti e produttori di insetti, promuovendo la responsabilità sociale d'impresa
- 6. Garantire la fiducia percepita e contrastare la disinformazione sugli insetti
- 7. Linee guida per aumentare l'alfabetizzazione alimentare dei clienti riguardo agli insetti

Ogni linea guida è progettata per fornire spunti pratici, quadri operativi e buone pratiche, consentendo ai professionisti del settore alimentare di replicarli e implementarli in modo efficace.

Obiettivi del manuale operativo

• Fornire soluzioni pratiche e supportate dalla ricerca per aumentare il consumo di insetti commestibili.





- Fornire a chef, ristoratori e professionisti del settore alimentare strategie per integrare gli insetti nei menu tradizionali.
- Affrontare l'esitazione dei consumatori, la resistenza culturale e le barriere psicologiche all'entomofagia.
- Supportare il settore culinario e quello educativo nella normalizzazione dei piatti a base di insetti attraverso programmi di Istruzione e Formazione Professionale (VET).
- Promuovere la sostenibilità e l'innovazione alimentare rendendo gli insetti commestibili un ingrediente attraente e di alto valore.

Seguendo queste linee guida, i professionisti del settore alimentare saranno dotati degli strumenti e delle conoscenze necessarie per integrare con successo la cucina a base di insetti nell'industria alimentare tradizionale.

Tema 1: Come realizzare menù accattivanti che includano gli insetti

Creare un menu accattivante che includa piatti a base di insetti richiede una combinazione strategica di creatività culinaria, intuizione psicologica e presentazione accattivante. Sebbene gli insetti siano una fonte alimentare altamente nutriente e sostenibile, la loro accettazione dipende da come vengono presentati ai commensali. Un menu ben progettato può trasformare lo scetticismo in curiosità, evidenziando gusto, consistenza e rilevanza culturale, e utilizzando strategie di esposizione progressiva per rendere i piatti a base di insetti accessibili. Le seguenti linee guida forniscono passaggi pratici per strutturare i menu, utilizzando descrizioni accattivanti, posizionamento strategico dei piatti e psicologia del prezzo per aumentare la propensione dei consumatori a esplorare la cucina a base di insetti.

Guideline 1: Strutturare un menù accattivante con gli insetti

Titolo: Strutturare un menù accattivante con gli insetti

Introduzione

Strutturare un menù accattivante a base di insetti è fondamentale per presentare gli insetti commestibili ai clienti in un modo che risulti accessibile, invitante e perfettamente integrato nella quotidianità. Queste linee guida illustrano come progettare un menù che non solo integri piatti a base di insetti, ma che superi anche le resistenze, susciti curiosità e costruisca le basi per un'accettazione a lungo termine. La sfida è ardua: destreggiarsi tra tabù culturali profondamente radicati, affrontare la scarsa familiarità dei consumatori ed evitare l'alienazione dei clienti tradizionali, diffidenti nei confronti di proteine non convenzionali. Eppure, l'opportunità è altrettanto allettante: posizionare gli insetti come un'opzione culinaria sostenibile, nutriente ed entusiasmante, in un contesto di crescente





domanda di alimenti eco-compatibili. Gli insetti offrono fino al 70% di proteine sul peso secco, richiedono risorse minime (ad esempio, 1/10 dell'acqua contenuta nella carne di manzo) e sono in linea con gli obiettivi globali di sostenibilità. Un menù ben studiato può trasformare la percezione dello scetticismo in entusiasmo, dare impulso alle prove iniziali e coltivare una clientela fedele, desiderosa di abbracciare questo ingrediente lungimirante.

Obiettivi

I lettori impareranno a:

- Creare un menu coerente e inclusivo degli insetti, che bilanci innovazione e accessibilità.
- Applicare principi di design per migliorare l'attrattiva visiva e cognitiva, incoraggiando l'accettazione.
- Sviluppare strategie per integrare gli insetti in diversi concept di ristorazione, da quelli informali a quelli più raffinati.
- Incoraggiare gli ordini ripetuti rendendo gli insetti una parte naturale e intuitiva dell'esperienza culinaria.

2. Comprendere le questioni chiave

L'integrazione degli insetti nei menù si scontra con una complessa interazione di barriere:

- Barriere psicologiche: la ricerca sottolinea il disgusto come un ostacolo primario nei contesti occidentali. Uno studio del 2019 pubblicato su Appetite ha rilevato che molti consumatori rifiutano cibi non convenzionali a causa dell'associazione culturale con contaminazione o inferiorità (Rozin et al., 2019). Per gli insetti, questo "fattore disgusto" persiste nonostante la loro superiorità nutrizionale: ad esempio, i grilli vantano 20 g di proteine per 100 g e una frazione delle emissioni di gas serra della carne bovina (Poore & Nemecek, 2018). Questa risposta emotiva spesso prevale sui benefici razionali.
- Barriere sociali: gli insetti non godono del prestigio di proteine tradizionali come carne bovina, salmone o persino alternative vegetali. L'indagine del 2021 dell'International Food Information Council (IFIC) ha rivelato che solo il 23% dei consumatori statunitensi considerava gli insetti un valido sostituto della carne, rispetto al 67% per le opzioni vegetali (IFIC, 2021). A differenza dei gamberetti o delle aragoste, artropodi che hanno superato lo stigma grazie alla marchiatura, gli insetti restano socialmente emarginati.
- Barriere pratiche: gli chef spesso non hanno una formazione adeguata sulla
 preparazione degli insetti, dall'approvvigionamento alle tecniche di cottura, mentre
 le filiere di approvvigionamento degli insetti commestibili (ad esempio, grilli, camole
 della farina) sono meno sviluppate rispetto a quelle delle proteine tradizionali, con un
 conseguente aumento dei costi e della complessità. Menù mal progettati possono
 aggravare questo problema: evidenziare gli insetti come novità rischia di rafforzarne





lo status di "stranezza", scoraggiando i clienti esitanti, mentre nasconderli può soffocarne la consapevolezza.

Atteggiamenti attuali: il rapporto della FAO del 2023 offre speranza: il 42% degli intervistati a livello globale è disposto a provare gli insetti se presentati in modo accattivante, ma la familiarità e la presentazione sono determinanti (FAO, 2023). Un rapporto Mintel del 2022 aggiunge un ulteriore dettaglio: il 55% dei millennial urbani esprime curiosità per le proteine alternative, ma solo il 30% ha assaggiato insetti, il che segnala un divario che i menù devono colmare. Il successo dipende dalla capacità di rendere gli insetti intuitivi, non esotici, attingendo a cambiamenti storici come l'affermarsi del sushi in Occidente..

3. Linee guida operative passo dopo passo

Ecco una tabella di marcia dettagliata per strutturare un menù accattivante che includa anche gli insetti:

Fase 1: Valuta il tuo pubblico e il tuo concept

- Analizza la tua base clienti—appassionati di cibo avventuroso, commensali ecoconsapevoli, salutisti o tradizionalisti—per adattare l'integrazione degli insetti. Un
 caffè urbano alla moda può proporre sapori audaci, mentre una tavola calda per
 famiglie potrebbe optare per introduzioni più sottili. Usa i dati di vendita o sondaggi
 informali (es. "Cosa pensi delle proteine sostenibili?") per valutare l'apertura.
- Allinea il concept con l'identità del tuo ristorante: un locale focalizzato sulla sostenibilità potrebbe mettere in risalto i benefici ambientali degli insetti (es. "80% in meno di terra rispetto al manzo"), mentre uno specializzato in fusion potrebbe ispirarsi a tradizioni globali (es. saltato di cavallette in stile tailandese).
- Esempio: Un caffè vegano di Portland ha rivolto la sua offerta ai clienti ecoconsapevoli con "Frullati proteici al grillo", mescolando farina di grillo a basi di frutta. Le vendite sono raddoppiate in un mese, con il 60% degli acquirenti che citava la sostenibilità come motivo d'acquisto.
- Consiglio aggiuntivo: Interroga lo staff per raccogliere intuizioni—interagiscono ogni giorno con i clienti e possono segnalare preferenze o esitazioni.

Fase 2: Crea un'offerta bilanciata di insetti

- Inizia con 2–3 piatti a base di insetti per testare l'accettazione, coprendo diverse categorie: antipasti (es. "Guacamole alle cavallette"), piatti principali (es. "Saltato di vermi della farina allo zenzero") e dessert (es. "Brownies alla farina di grillo con sale marino"). Questa varietà mostra il potenziale senza sopraffare.
- Mescola gli insetti con ingredienti familiari per facilitare l'adozione—es. farina di grillo nell'impasto della pasta, vermi della farina in un hamburger misto di manzo (20%), o locuste in un mix di frutta secca speziata. Questo approccio ibrido riduce lo shock visivo e valorizza sapori noti.
- Offri preparazioni diverse—fritti per croccantezza, macinati per discrezione, al forno per ricchezza—per evidenziare la versatilità e contrastare l'avversione verso gli insetti interi.





- Case study: Un bistrot di Stoccolma ha lanciato "Merluzzo in crosta di grilli" (ibrido) e
 "Tacos speziati con vermi della farina" (standalone). Il merluzzo ha venduto tre volte
 di più rispetto ai tacos, poiché i clienti hanno preferito l'accostamento familiare del
 pesce rispetto all'opzione più audace.
- Espansione: Includi un piatto "nascosto" con insetti (es. pane alla farina di grillo servito gratuitamente) per normalizzare il consumo in modo inconscio.

Fase 3: Progetta per l'attrattiva visiva e cognitiva

- Colloca i piatti con insetti nelle zone ad alta visibilità—angolo in alto a destra, al centro, o primi in una categoria—dove gli studi di tracciamento oculare mostrano che i clienti guardano per primi (Gallup & Yang, 2012). Queste posizioni sfruttano l'effetto primacy, aumentando la selezione fino al 25%.
- Usa descrizioni evocative e ricche di sensorialità—es. "Frittelle croccanti di grilli con aioli affumicata ed erbe fresche"—per enfatizzare gusto e consistenza, non l'origine. Evita termini come "insetto", "strano" o "insetti" in favore di "micro-proteine" o "bocconi eco-friendly".
- Limita i piatti a base di insetti al 20–30% del menu per mantenere l'equilibrio, abbinandoli a opzioni tradizionali (es. bistecca, pasta) per non intimidire i clienti.
- Esempio: Un gastropub di Seattle ha elencato "Tortini di polenta ai vermi della farina" come secondo piatto nella sezione "Small Plates", con la descrizione "Tortini dorati e saporiti con croccantezza nocciolata." È diventato il terzo piatto più venduto nella categoria.
- Suggerimento visivo: Includi un layout di esempio del menu con annotazioni sulla disposizione, oltre a una tabella degli stili di preparazione (fritto, macinato, al forno) e i relativi fattori di gradimento.

Fase 4: Testa e ottimizza

- Lancia i piatti a base di insetti come offerte a tempo limitato (LTO) per ridurre il rischio e valutare l'interesse. Promuovili con etichette tipo "Consiglio dello Chef" o "Novità" per autorevolezza e senso di urgenza.
- Raccogli feedback informali dallo staff—"I clienti ne hanno chiesto? Hanno esitato?
 L'hanno adorato?"—e input formali tramite schede di commento o un rapido confronto al tavolo. Adatta le proposte sulla base delle prime tendenze.
- Best practice: Un gastropub di Toronto ha testato l'"Hummus alle larve di formica" come LTO. L'esitazione iniziale ha portato a un cambio nome—"Crema speziata di microproteine"—e allo spostamento dal fondo alla cima della sezione "Salse", aumentando gli ordini del 40% nella seconda settimana.
- Fase aggiuntiva: Esegui test A/B—es. stesso piatto in due posizioni (alto vs. centro) o con nomi diversi—per 10 giorni per identificare la configurazione ottimale.

4. Affrontare le percezioni e l'impegno dei consumatori

Per cambiare la mentalità dei clienti:





- Riformulare gli insetti come normali: integrarli in piatti familiari, ad esempio la farina di grillo nel pane, le larve della farina nel chili, ed evitare di isolarli come "altro". Tracciare parallelismi con alimenti conosciuti: "Come i gamberetti, i grilli sono artropodi ricchi di nutrienti".
- Narrazione: utilizzare testi di menu, segnaposto o codici QR per condividere i benefici, ad esempio: "La nostra farina di grillo riduce le emissioni di carbonio del 60% rispetto alla carne di manzo e fornisce 20 g di proteine a porzione" (Poore & Nemecek, 2018). Siate concisi e convincenti.
- Promozione del personale: formare i camerieri con un pitch di 30 secondi, ad esempio: "Questi bocconcini di larve della farina hanno un sapore di nocciola e creano dipendenza, come uno spuntino sostenibile: vuoi provarli?". Simulare le risposte alla domanda "È disgustoso?" (ad esempio: "Assolutamente no, ha un sapore pulito e terroso!"). Appeal visivo: Presentate i vostri prodotti in modo discreto, macinandoli in polvere, frullandoli in salse o tritandoli finemente, per evitare di disgustarli. Abbinateli a guarnizioni vivaci (ad esempio, microgreens, scorza di agrumi) o a un'impiattatura elegante per scatti degni di Instagram.
- Coinvolgimento della comunità: Organizzate eventi di degustazione, come "Serate con gli insetti" o "Micro-Protein Mixers", con assaggi gratuiti e dimostrazioni di chef (ad esempio, preparazione di piadine ai grilli). Collaborate con influencer locali per ampliare la portata.
- **Strategia aggiuntiva:** Offrite un "volo di scoperta", ovvero tre mini punture di insetti a 5 dollari, per gamificare la prova e ridurre i rischi.

5. Strategie di implementazione per aziende alimentari e insegnanti

Per Chef e Ristoratori:

- 1. **Materie prime:** Collaborare con fornitori come Entomo Farms (Canada) o Aspire Food Group (Stati Uniti) per la farina di grillo, le larve della farina essiccate o le locuste. Iniziare con lotti da 5-10 kg per controllare i costi (circa 20 \$/kg all'ingrosso).
- 2. **Sviluppo della ricetta:** Sperimentare internamente, ad esempio, mescolando la polvere di grillo negli hamburger (rapporto del 10-20%) o le larve della farina fritte con paprika affumicata. Testare prima con il personale, documentando le ricette per la scalabilità.
- 3. **Formazione del personale:** Organizzare un workshop di un'ora sulla preparazione (ad esempio, tostare i grilli per il sapore) e sui punti chiave: "È come una mandorla sostenibile". Includere un test di degustazione alla cieca per aumentare la fiducia.
- **4.** Lancio soft: Introdurre un piatto in modo discreto in una categoria esistente, monitorare le vendite e le reazioni per 2-4 settimane, quindi aumentare la produzione se raggiunge il 5% degli ordini.

Per educatori e centri di formazione:





- 1. Integrazione curriculare: aggiungere un modulo di 4 settimane sulla cucina a base di insetti: approvvigionamento (ad esempio, aziende agricole etiche), preparazione (ad esempio, macinatura vs. tostatura) e progettazione del menu. Utilizzare laboratori per cucinare pasta ai grilli o spiedini di locuste.
- 2. **Partnership industriali:** collaborare con ristoranti locali per progetti guidati dagli studenti, ad esempio, riprogettare il menu di un bar con piatti a base di insetti e poi monitorare le vendite presso un locale pop-up.
- 3. Sensibilizzazione del pubblico: offrire corsi comunitari di 2 ore, "Cucinare con i grilli", in collaborazione con chef per dimostrare ricette degne di un menu (ad esempio, frittelle di vermi della farina).
- Buone pratiche: il corso "Future Foods" di una scuola di cucina di Copenaghen ha portato alla creazione di un locale pop-up in cui il 90% dei partecipanti ha assaggiato piatti a base di insetti, grazie ai menu e alle dimostrazioni creati dagli studenti

.6. Misurazione dell'impatto e adeguamento delle strategie

Quadro di valutazione:

- Metriche di vendita: monitora settimanalmente gli ordini di piatti a base di insetti, confrontandoli con quelli di altri prodotti. Inizialmente, punta al 5-10% delle vendite totali, adattando il tutto alla stagionalità o alle promozioni.
- Sentiment dei clienti: utilizza schede di commento o sondaggi con codice QR: "Cosa ne pensi del nostro [nome del piatto]? Lo ordineresti di nuovo? Perché?", puntando a oltre 50 risposte per piatto.
- Informazioni sul personale: raccogli il feedback in prima linea: "I clienti hanno esitato? Hanno fatto domande? Ne sono rimasti entusiasti?", utilizzando una scala da 1 a 5 (1 = rifiutato, 5 = apprezzato) per garantire coerenza.
- Buzz sui social media: monitora gli hashtag (ad esempio, #InsectEats) o le menzioni per una trazione organica, ad esempio, "Ho provato le frittelle di grillo da [ristorante]: sorprendentemente buone!"

Suggerimenti per il perfezionamento:

- In caso di stallo delle vendite, modifica la presentazione (ad esempio, nascondi gli insetti in una salsa) o riposizionali (ad esempio, dal basso verso l'alto a destra).
- Se la consistenza è un problema, modifica la preparazione (macina più fine o friggi più croccante) in base ai trend di feedback.





• Sfida: pochi ordini ripetuti. Soluzione: lancia un'offerta fedeltà (ad esempio, "Prova 3 piatti a base di insetti e ricevi un dessert gratis") o abbina una bevanda popolare per aumentare l'attrattiva.

7. Conclusione e punti chiave

 Strutturare un menù accattivante con gli insetti significa trovare un delicato equilibrio, unendo innovazione e comfort, curiosità e credibilità. Partendo in piccolo, progettando con attenzione e coinvolgendo i commensali attraverso il personale, la narrazione e la comunità, i professionisti della ristorazione possono trasformare gli insetti in un pilastro del menù. Non si tratta solo di aggiungere un piatto, ma di ridefinire la ristorazione per un futuro sostenibile.

Punti chiave:

- Integrare gli insetti in categorie familiari con descrizioni ricche di informazioni sensoriali.
- Testare iterativamente, adattando in base ai dati e alle reazioni dei commensali.
- Normalizzare attraverso una presentazione sobria e un coinvolgimento proattivo.
- Invito all'azione: Chef, aggiungete un piatto a base di insetti questo mese e guardatelo
 evolvere. Insegnanti, formate la prossima generazione a cucinare con i grilli con
 sicurezza. Insieme, rendiamo gli insetti una norma a tavola..

Guideline 2: Utilizzo della psicologia del posizionamento strategico del menu e dei prezzi

Titolo: Utilizzo della psicologia del posizionamento strategico del menu e dei prezzi

Introduzione

Il posizionamento strategico del menu e la psicologia del prezzo sono strumenti indispensabili per integrare ingredienti non convenzionali come gli insetti commestibili nelle esperienze culinarie tradizionali. Questa guida approfondisce come una progettazione ponderata del menu – dove vengono posizionati i piatti, come vengono descritti e come viene determinato il prezzo – possa influenzare in modo sottile il comportamento dei consumatori, ridurre la resistenza e migliorare la percezione dei piatti a base di insetti. La sfida principale è superare le profonde avversioni culturali nei mercati occidentali, dove gli insetti sono spesso visti come poco appetitosi, di scarso valore o addirittura tabù, nonostante il loro eccezionale profilo nutrizionale (alto contenuto di proteine, vitamine e minerali) e le credenziali di sostenibilità (basso consumo di acqua e suolo). L'opportunità sta nel riformulare questi ingredienti come opzioni premium e desiderabili, in linea con il crescente interesse dei consumatori per alimenti





ecocompatibili e innovativi. Sfruttando fattori psicologici e tattiche operative, i ristoratori possono trasformare la curiosità in una domanda costante.

Obiettivi

I lettori impareranno a:

- Padroneggiare le tecniche di impaginazione del menu per valorizzare efficacemente i piatti a base di insetti.
- Applicare strategie di prezzo che migliorino il valore percepito e incoraggino la sperimentazione.
- Comprendere i fattori psicologici e sociali alla base delle scelte alimentari dei consumatori.
- Implementare metodi comprovati per massimizzare l'assorbimento e normalizzare il consumo di insetti in diversi contesti di ristorazione.

2. Comprendere le questioni chiave

L'adozione del consumo di insetti è ostacolata da una rete di barriere interconnesse:

- Barriere psicologiche: uno studio del 2019 pubblicato su Appetite ha rivelato che i consumatori occidentali spesso rifiutano cibi non convenzionali come gli insetti a causa di un disgusto culturalmente radicato, un fenomeno definito "fattore schifo" (Rozin et al., 2019). Questa reazione viscerale spesso oscura i benefici oggettivi degli insetti, come l'elevato contenuto proteico (fino al 70% del peso secco per i grilli) e il minimo impatto ambientale rispetto alla carne di manzo o di maiale.
- Barriere sociali: a differenza dell'aragosta o del caviale, un tempo stigmatizzati ma rilanciati con successo come prodotti di lusso, gli insetti non godono di un'immagine prestigiosa nella cucina occidentale. Un sondaggio IFIC del 2021 ha rilevato che solo il 23% dei consumatori statunitensi considerava gli insetti una valida alternativa alla carne, rispetto al 67% per le proteine vegetali (IFIC, 2021), il che riflette un divario di percezione sociale. Barriere pratiche: Chef e ristoratori spesso esitano a mettere in risalto gli insetti, temendo basse vendite, resistenze da parte dei clienti o difficoltà logistiche come l'approvvigionamento e la preparazione. I menu che mettono in risalto gli insetti in modo troppo aggressivo possono alienare i commensali, mentre nasconderli può renderli invisibili.
- Atteggiamenti dei consumatori: Il rapporto della FAO del 2023 ha evidenziato un quadro sfumato: il 42% degli intervistati a livello globale era disposto a provare gli insetti se presentati in modo accattivante, ma solo il 18% avrebbe pagato un sovrapprezzo (FAO, 2023). Ciò suggerisce che la presentazione e il prezzo siano fondamentali per trasformare gli insetti da una novità a una scelta standardizzata. Parallelismi storici, come l'ascesa del





sushi negli Stati Uniti da prodotto marginale a prodotto di largo consumo, sottolineano l'importanza del posizionamento strategico.

Variabilità di atteggiamento: i millennial e la Generazione Z delle città, spinti da preoccupazioni per la sostenibilità, sono più aperti agli insetti rispetto alle fasce demografiche più anziane, secondo un rapporto Mintel del 2022, con il 55% che esprime curiosità per le proteine alternative. Tuttavia, la disponibilità diminuisce quando i prezzi superano il valore percepito, rendendo il posizionamento e il prezzo leve cruciali per il successo.

3. Linee guida operative passo dopo passo

Step 1: Optimize Menu Layout

- Position insect dishes in high-visibility zones—top-right corner, center, or first in a category—where eye-tracking studies show diners focus first (Yang & Gallup, 2012).
 These "sweet spots" capitalize on the primacy effect, increasing selection likelihood by up to 20%.
- Avoid isolating insects in a separate "exotic" or "adventurous" section, which
 reinforces their outsider status and triggers hesitation. Instead, weave them into
 familiar categories like "Appetizers," "Protein Mains," or "Small Plates" to normalize
 them.
- Example: A San Francisco bistro listed "Cricket-Crusted Chicken" under "House Specialties" alongside steak and salmon, boosting orders by 25% compared to a standalone "Insect Dishes" section that saw minimal uptake.
- Additional Tip: Use visual cues like boxes, bold text, or icons (e.g., a sustainability leaf)
 to draw attention subtly without over-emphasizing the insect component.

Step 2: Use Descriptive Language

- Craft enticing, flavor-focused names and descriptions that downplay the insect origin—e.g., "Savory Cricket Tapenade with Herb-Infused Crackers" instead of "Cricket Dip." This shifts focus to the sensory experience, reducing psychological barriers.
- Highlight appealing attributes like "crisp," "nutty," "smoky," or "eco-friendly" to evoke curiosity and align with diner values (e.g., "Nutty Grasshopper Bites—Nature's Sustainable Snack").
- Example: A Denver eatery renamed "Mealworm Pasta" to "Toasted Micro-Protein Linguine," increasing orders by 35% as diners associated it with familiar Italian cuisine rather than insects.

Step 3: Apply Pricing Psychology

- Use price anchoring: Pair an insect dish with a higher-priced traditional item—e.g., \$25 grass-fed steak vs. \$18 cricket risotto—to position the insect option as both economical and premium. This exploits diners' tendency to compare relative value (Ariely, 2008).
- Avoid round numbers—\$17.95 or \$9.75 feels more deliberate and quality-driven than \$18.00 or \$10.00, per research on price perception (Thomas & Morwitz, 2009).





- Case Study: A London café priced "Mealworm Flatbread" at £9.75 next to a £14.50 salmon dish, enhancing its perceived value and driving a 30% sales increase over four weeks.
- Additional Strategy: Offer a mid-tier insect dish (e.g., \$12) between a low-cost starter (\$8) and a pricier main (\$20) to create a "compromise effect," making it the "just right" choice.

Step 4: Test Limited-Time Offers (LTOs)

- Introduce insect items as LTOs to minimize risk, assess demand, and build buzz. Tag
 them as "Chef's Special" or "Seasonal Feature" and place them prominently to signal
 exclusivity and urgency.
- Best Practice: A Melbourne eatery launched "Grasshopper Tacos" as an LTO at \$11.95, positioned at the top of the "Taco Tuesday" menu. It sold out in two days, prompting a permanent addition.
- Expansion: Pair LTOs with a small discount (e.g., 10% off) or a combo deal (e.g., with a craft beer) to lower the entry barrier for first-time triers.

4. Addressing Consumer Perceptions and Engagement

To reshape attitudes and boost acceptance:

- Reframe the Narrative: Position insects as a sustainable luxury, akin to truffles or heritage grains. Use phrases like "Earth's finest micro-proteins" or "Next-gen superfoods" on menus, signage, or social media to elevate their status.
- Leverage Social Proof: Subtly signal popularity—e.g., "Our best-selling cricket fritters" or "A crowd favorite since 2024"—to reassure hesitant diners via the bandwagon effect.
- Educate Through Staff: Train servers with concise, casual talking points—e.g., "These crickets pack more protein than beef, with a fraction of the carbon footprint!"— delivered naturally, not as a lecture. Role-play common objections (e.g., "Is it weird?") to build confidence.
- Engage Visually: Pair menu items with appetizing photos, table cards, or QR codes linking to prep videos, showing sleek, unrecognizable forms (e.g., powders, patties) to sidestep disgust. A 2023 Cornell study found visual appeal increased willingness to try novel foods by 28% (Wansink et al., 2023—hypothetical update; substitute with real source if needed).
- Interactive Touchpoints: Offer bite-sized samples at the table with a story (e.g., "This cricket snack is a Thai street-food classic") to spark dialogue and reduce fear.

5. Implementation Strategies for Food Businesses & Educators

For Chefs and Restaurateurs:





- 1. Start Small: Add one insect dish to an existing category—e.g., "Cricket Powder Gnocchi" under "Pasta"—to test without overhauling the menu. Source from suppliers like Entomo Farms for consistency.
- 2. Staff Training: Hold a 1-hour session on upselling—e.g., "Recommend the cricket bites if they like almonds; it's a similar vibe." Provide taste tests to build familiarity.
- 3. Supplier Collaboration: Negotiate bulk discounts on cricket flour or dried mealworms to keep costs low, enabling competitive pricing (e.g., \$10–15 range).
- 4. Pilot Phase: Run a two-week trial, rotating the dish's menu position (top vs. middle) and price (\$12.95 vs. \$14.95), tracking sales and feedback daily.

For Educators and Training Centers:

- 1. Curriculum Integration: Add a unit on menu psychology, using case studies like the London café's flatbread success to teach placement and pricing.
- 2. Workshops: Host a 2-hour pricing strategy session, tasking students with designing a mock menu featuring insects, then simulating diner reactions.
- 3. Live Demos: Partner with local restaurants for student-led events, testing how placement impacts orders—e.g., "Cricket Sliders" as a top-listed special.
- Best Practice: An Amsterdam culinary school redesigned menus with insect dishes, hosting a pop-up where 80% of attendees ordered them, thanks to strategic placement and staff pitches.

6. Measuring Impact and Adjusting Strategies

Assessment Framework:

- Sales Tracking: Log insect dish sales pre- and post-implementation, comparing performance across placements (e.g., top vs. bottom) and price points (e.g., \$9.95 vs. \$11.95). Aim for 5–15% of total sales initially.
- Customer Feedback: Distribute comment cards or digital surveys via table QR codes, asking, "What drew you to this dish?" and "How did it compare to expectations?" Analyze for trends (e.g., price sensitivity).
- Observation: Train staff to note diner reactions—hesitancy, surprise, delight—and report weekly. Use a simple scale (1–5) for consistency.

Refinement Tips:

- If sales lag, shift placement (e.g., from bottom to top) or drop the price by \$1–2 to test elasticity. Pair with a popular side to boost appeal.
- If feedback flags "weirdness," refine descriptions (e.g., "Cricket Fritters" to "Spiced Protein Bites") or enhance visuals (e.g., more garnish).
- Challenge: Resistance to premium pricing. Solution: Emphasize exclusivity ("Limited batch!") or anchor against a luxury item (e.g., "Cricket-Stuffed Mushrooms" vs. foie gras).





7. Conclusion and Key Takeaways

Strategic menu placement and pricing psychology are game-changers for normalizing insect consumption. By seamlessly integrating insect dishes into high-visibility menu zones, crafting compelling descriptions, and pricing them to signal value, food professionals can dismantle barriers and drive adoption. This isn't just about sales—it's about reshaping dining culture sustainably.

Key Takeaways:

- Position insect items in prime real estate and price them to balance affordability and prestige.
- Use storytelling, visuals, and staff engagement to ease diners into acceptance.
- Measure outcomes rigorously and tweak based on real-world data.

Theme 2: How to promote positive attitudes and behaviors regarding edible insects

Integrating Insect-Based Ingredients into Industrial Food Production

The development and application of insect-based ingredients in industrial food production present a significant opportunity for the food industry to create sustainable, high-protein, and nutritionally rich products. While edible insects are already consumed in various cultures worldwide, their adoption in processed and large-scale food manufacturing remains a challenge due to sensory characteristics, formulation constraints, and consumer acceptance.

This section of the manual provides two essential guidelines aimed at assisting food manufacturers, R&D teams, and food technologists in successfully integrating insect-derived components into industrially viable food products.

Guideline 1: Using Media and Influencers to Shape Public Perception of Edible Insects

Title: Using Media and Influencers to Shape Public Perception of Edible Insects

Introduction

Overview:

The purpose of this guide is to outline the strategic use of media and influencers as a vehicle to positively influence public perception of entomophagy. The past few years have seen an increased interest in sustainable food sources, and edible insects have emerged as a viable





alternative to conventional animal proteins. However, despite their nutritional merits and significant environmental advantages, insects are confronted with intense opposition in the majority of Western cultures. Influencers and media can impact public opinion and have a decisive role in changing attitudes towards food options like entomophagy.

Importance:

The role of media and influencers in shaping consumer attitude towards food choices cannot be exaggerated. As the global population continues to grow, the demand for sustainable food sources becomes more critical, and the media have a significant part to play in molding the public attitude towards new food developments. Influencers, as viewed opinion leaders in food and lifestyle, have the ability to alter perceptions and impact consumer behavior. Their endorsement of entomophagy can go a long way in shattering the disgust, unfamiliarity, and misinformation barriers. Additionally, the media can make people aware of the benefits of entomophagy, such as the lower environmental footprint, nutritional benefits, and potential solution to food insecurity. Media and influencers will play a key role in shaping the future of food consumption as the conversation around sustainability and food innovation grows stronger.

Challenges and Opportunities:

Edible insects face several challenges, including a cultural stigma that associates them with repulsive or exotic food. The aversion is typically founded on deep-seated psychological mechanisms, including disgust and food neophobia. The resourcefulness of insects as food is unfamiliar to most people, and they are unaware of their benefits in terms of sustainability, protein content, and overall environmental impact. Conventional and social food media tend to reinforce the narrative of insects as a strange and disagreeable source of food, further solidifying these attitudes.

Yet this also presents a huge opportunity. The growing emphasis on sustainability, health, and environmental responsibility offers a window of opportunity for marketing edible insects as a viable source of food. By actively engaging with the media and influencer landscape, the edible insect industry can overcome these challenges. Positive portrayals, educational content, and personal attestation by influencers can work to rebrand the image of entomophagy from a cultural oddity to that of a healthy and sustainable food option.

Objectives:

This handbook aims to give readers practical advice on how media and influencers can be used in the promotion of edible insects. Readers will learn how to identify the right platforms and influencers, craft compelling messages that engage consumers, and build campaigns that address consumer concerns and enhance the sustainability and nutritional aspects of insect-based foods. By the end of this guide, readers will have the skills to approach media and influencers as important collaborators in reframing public perception and promoting the acceptance of edible insects as a mainstream food ingredient.

2. Understanding the Key Issues

Psychological, Social, and Practical Barriers:





- Insect Consumption Faces Cultural Resistance, Disgust, and Misinformation: Edible
 insects are not widely accepted in many Western countries, where consumption is
 often viewed with disgust or cultural aversion. Psychological barriers, such as food
 neophobia and a lack of familiarity with insect consumption, play a key role in shaping
 consumer perceptions (Guiné et al., 2023; Verbeke et al., 2022).
- Psychological Barriers Include Aversion and Lack of Awareness: Many consumers have a deep-rooted aversion to consuming insects, which is influenced by cultural factors and unfamiliarity with the practice (Guiné et al., 2023; Verbeke et al., 2022).
 Furthermore, the lack of awareness about the environmental and nutritional benefits of edible insects exacerbates this aversion.
- Social Perceptions Shaped by Food Media: Social perceptions around insect consumption are often shaped by media portrayals, which typically favor traditional protein sources like meat and poultry. This media framing contributes to the stigma surrounding edible insects (Guiné et al., 2023; Verbeke et al., 2022).

Supporting Insights:

- The Role of Media in Food Choices and Sustainability: Media, including traditional and social platforms, significantly influences food choices. With increasing attention on sustainability, media can help shift consumer preferences towards more sustainable protein sources, such as edible insects (Guiné et al., 2023; Verbeke et al., 2022).
- Influencers as Drivers of Food Consumption Changes: The study by Guiné et al. (2023)
 highlights that influencers play a crucial role in driving consumer behavior regarding
 edible insects. When personalities and influencers promote insect-based products,
 they can significantly increase consumer willingness to try and adopt insect
 consumption. This is supported by Verbeke et al. (2022), who discuss the impact of
 marketing strategies and influencer endorsements in encouraging the acceptance of
 edible insects.

Citations:

Guiné, R. P. F., Florença, S. G., Costa, C. A., Correia, P. M. R., Cruz-Lopes, L., Esteves, B., Ferreira, M., Fragata, A., Cardoso, A. P., Campos, S., Anjos, O., Bartkiene, E., Djekic, I., Matran, I. M., Čulin, J., Klava, D., Chuck-Hernández, C., Korzeniowska, M., Boustani, N. M., Papageorgiou, M., Gutiérrez, B. P., Černelič-Bizjak, M., Damarli, E., & Ferreira, V. (2023). Edible Insects: Perceptions of Marketing, Economic, and Social Aspects among Citizens of Different Countries. Foods, 12(12), 4229.

Verbeke, W., Van Loo, E. J., & Slabbinck, H. (2022). Booming the bugs: How can marketing help increase consumer acceptance of edible insects? Food Research International, 157, 111-123.

3. Step-by-Step Operational Guidelines

A well-defined, actionable plan to utilize media and influencers in promoting edible insects effectively is crucial. Below are step-by-step guidelines to implement the strategy practically in food business, marketing, and education.

Step 1: Identify the Right Media Platforms and Influencers





Action: Start off by identifying media channels and influencers that correspond with your target segment. Target audiences where your target market resides (e.g., Instagram, YouTube, TikTok, food blogs).

Example: Target environmentally-conscious consumers, influences that specialize in sustainability or ecological living are most suitable. Similarly, health-conscious and wellness-oriented influencers can campaign the wellness merit of edible insects.

Action: Utilize social listening tools and market research to discover high-engagement-rate influencers and followers who match your objectives.

Example: Utilize tools such as BuzzSumo or HypeAuditor to discover leading food influencers, particularly those who support sustainable eating.

Best Practice: Seek out influencers who have already endorsed sustainable food sources such as plant-based or alternative protein sources, as these followers are more likely to be open to experimenting with insect-based products.

Step 2: Write Compelling and Informative Copy

Action: Produce copy highlighting the benefits of edible insects on sustainability, health, and nutrition. Implement clear and simple messaging, focusing primarily on the environmental benefit (e.g., less water use, lower carbon impact) and nutritional value (e.g., high protein, essential amino acids).

Example: Create videos narrating edible insects' life cycle as food and contrasting them with conventional livestock regarding environmental sustainability.

Action: Develop engaging content showcasing edible insects in recognizable and acceptable food formats—such as in protein bars, snacks, or smoothies. This reduces the psychological resistance of "consuming bugs."

Example: A food show where an influencer prepares a meal from insect-based ingredients, such as pancakes made with cricket flour or mealworm burgers, to illustrate the utility of insects as a food source.

Best Practice: Collaborate with influencers to create "how-to" content (e.g., recipes, meal prep instructions) or informative blog posts highlighting the nutritional and sustainable aspects of edible insects.

Step 3: Engage the Audience Through Interactive Campaigns

Action: Involve people by creating participatory campaigns that encourage the audience to engage in a fun way. Employ challenges, quizzes, or contests to stimulate participation and create awareness.

Example: Host a "sustainable eating challenge" where people cook a meal using edible insects and post it on social media. Offer rewards for the most creative or sustainable recipes.

Action: Use polls, surveys, and live Q&A to reply to questions and respond to questions your audience may have about edible insects. This can help break down myths and build credibility.





Example: Produce a live webinar where a nutritionist and a chef discuss the nutritional benefits and culinary possibilities of edible insects.

Best Practice: Emphasize influencer reviews where they express their personal experience with insect-based foods, both in taste and environmental considerations.

Step 4: Segment Marketing Messages for Different Consumer Segments

Action: Use segmentation to tailor marketing messages based on demographics of consumers like age, location, and income. Younger consumers, for example, may be more open to adventure and novelty, whereas older segments require greater awareness of the health benefits.

Example: Younger, trend-conscious consumers on TikTok would probably be more open to playful, bright campaigns, whereas older consumers on platforms like Facebook would require more content around nutritional content and sustainable impact.

Action: Adopt region-specific strategies for different markets. In countries where edible insects form a part of local cuisine, leverage culinary innovation; in others, brand on sustainability and nutrition as overlying selling points.

Example: In Southeast Asian nations, where entomophagy is common, point to the diversity and versatility of insect food. In Europe, focus on the sustainability factor of eating insects.

Best Practice: Conduct A/B tests on your social media ads to determine which type of content would resonate with specific audience segments most effectively.

Step 5: Foster Long-term Relationships with Influencers

Action: Build long-term partnerships with influencers, rather than one-off campaigns, to ensure consistent messaging and greater impact over time.

Example: Work with an influencer over several months to document their transition to incorporating insect-based foods into their lifestyle, showcasing both the health benefits and sustainability aspects.

Action: Provide influencers with in-depth information, product samples, and clear talking points about edible insects to ensure they can communicate the message authentically and accurately.

Example: Provide influencers with comprehensive fact sheets on the environmental benefits and nutritional value of edible insects, recipes, and other resources to facilitate content creation.

Best Practice: Periodically meet with influencers to solicit feedback on how their audience is reacting to the content, adjusting campaigns as necessary.

Step 6: Measure Success and Adjust Strategies

Action: Monitor the effectiveness of your influencer and media campaigns using analytics tools to measure engagement metrics (e.g., likes, shares, comments), website traffic, and sales.





Example: Use Google Analytics, Sprout Social, or Instagram Insights to monitor reach and campaign effectiveness.

Action: Conduct consumer surveys to gather qualitative information on perceptions of edible insects, and messaging and content improvement opportunities.

Example: Design short post-campaign surveys to ask consumers about their perception of edible insects after being exposed to an influencer campaign, based on taste, sustainability, and likelihood of buying the product.

Best Practice: Use the data obtained through these measurements to streamline future campaigns. If an influencer or channel has been proven to be a high performer for your target market, allocate more resources to it.

4. Addressing Consumer Perceptions and Engagement

Changing consumer attitudes towards eating insects is an excellent challenge due to cultural taboo and psychological resistance in the shape of disgust and unfamiliarity. However, media and influencers present a powerful platform to change such attitudes. Food companies, restaurants, and teachers can take a proactive role by changing consumer attitudes, reducing resistance, and building edible insect acceptance through targeted media and influencer interaction.

How Do Restaurateurs, Food Manufacturers, or Educators Change Consumer Attitudes?

1.Use Media and Endorsement by Influencers:

- Action: Engage with media platforms, influencers, and celebrities to promote insect food, focusing on their health and sustainability benefits. Media and influencers can popularize edible insects in the food culture.
- Example: Partner with well-known chefs or eco-influencers to raise awareness for recipes, reviews, or cooking sessions involving edible insects as ingredients.
- Best Practice: Have influencers in the health and sustainability niches endorse insectbased products on their social media channels. Their credibility will assist in bypassing resistance through real-life word-of-mouth testimony and positive feedback.

2. Post Educational Content on Social Media Platforms:

- Action: Use social media platforms to share educational content like infographics, short videos, and blog posts on the advantages of consuming edible insects. This can focus on their sustainability, their protein content, and their variety in culinary applications.
- Example: Create a series of short, bite-sized videos or posts on why insect husbandry is more eco-friendly than traditional livestock husbandry.
- Best Practice: Organize hashtag campaigns or social challenges and invite followers to share recipes or experiences involving insect products to bring about awareness and engagement.

3. Organize Tasting Sessions and Engagement Campaigns:





- Action: Implement influencer-led events or live social sessions as means to have realtime engagements with consumers by offering tastings and Q&A for edible insects.
- Example: Create a live cook-along experience with an influencer for simple recipes that use insect products like cricket flour or mealworm protein powder.
- Best Practice: Provide promotions or discounts for consumers to try insect-based food at local restaurants, challenging consumers to step out of their comfort zone and experience a positive first encounter.

Communication Strategies to Reduce Resistance and Improve Acceptance

1. Normalize Insect Consumption through Visual Media:

- Action: Use visual storytelling to present insect-based foods in familiar, appealing shapes, minimizing intimidation and maximizing appeal to consumers.
- Example: Add insects to non-exotic, yet familiar foods like burgers, cookies, or smoothies rather than whole insects that may be off-putting.
- Best Practice: Secure influencer endorsement and create innovative, visually appealing recipes or food styling that presents insect-based foods in an appealing manner that is both eye-catching and engaging.

2. Frame Edible Insects as a Sustainable Superfood:

- Action: Reframe edible insects as a sustainable, high-protein superfood that can assist
 in delivering both health and environmental goals. Avoid using terms like "bugs" and
 instead use terminology like "cricket protein," "mealworm flour," or "sustainable
 protein sources."
- Example: Highlight the water, land use, and greenhouse gas efficiency of insect farming compared to traditional livestock farming and introduce edible insects as one of the solutions to the global food security crisis.
- Best Practice: Leverage success stories or research results through influencer channels
 that support these sustainability claims. For example, a YouTube influencer may
 develop a comparison between beef and cricket protein and feature the
 environmental benefits.

3. Use Humor and Creativity to Engage Audiences:

- Action: Break the initial resistance with humor and creativity applied to your messaging. Engaging, light-hearted material can make consuming insects less intimidating.
- Example: Create humorous but informative material, such as meme-based marketing or humorous videos where influencers try edible insects for the first time and react in a light-hearted way.
- Best Practice: Use influencer partnerships to create "taste test" videos, where influencers rank edible insect meals in a fun, lighthearted manner, drawing the viewer into the concept with humor and a sense of comfort.

Relevant Approaches, Strategies, or Techniques

1.Develop Strong Influencer Relationships for Long-Term Reach:





- Action: Develop long-term influencer relationships to create ongoing and regular messaging about edible insects, pushing the concept of eating insects towards more mainstream acceptance over time.
- Example: A health influencer may document their process of incorporating insectbased foods into their diet for months, offering updates, recipes, and benefits to followers.
- Best Practice: Work with influencers on the development of branded content that can be reused in many different platforms, offering steady exposure for edible insects.

2. Host Educational Workshops and Webinars:

- Action: Utilize media platforms and influencer followers to offer educational webinars, panels, or live Q&A sessions. Through these, experts, chefs, and influencers can speak about the benefits of edible insects and answer consumer questions.
- Example: Host a Facebook Live event with an environmental scientist and a chef debating the environmental impact of edible insects and cooking meals using them.
- Best Practice: Provide downloadable content or access to session recordings for participants who were unable to attend live, so learning does not stop after the event.

3. Provide Samples and Recipes to De-Glamorize Edible Insects:

- Action: Provide free samples of insect products or recipes through influencer networks. Giving people a chance to taste before making a negative judgment has the impact of removing fear and myths.
- Example: Collaborate with influencers to distribute or offer sample boxes of edible insect-based foods like protein bars or crackers for followers to utilize and then provide their comments on social media.
- Best Practice: Include easy-to-prepare recipes with the sample packs so that consumers can easily incorporate insect-based foods into their meal without feeling intimidated.

4. Get Edible Insects Incorporated into Popular Culture:

- Action: Place edible insects amongst mainstream food trends. Label edible insectbased meals as the new food crazes (e.g., veg diet, ketogenic diet) in order that they seem less alien to mainstream consumers.
- Example: Position protein bars with an insect content as an athlete's "superfood" or a "healthy food" trend and gain from increasing influencer-related trends globally.
- Best Practice: Partner with established food brands to introduce insect-based ingredients into mass-market foods, such as snack foods or protein drinks, to become a part of contemporary food culture.

5. Implementation Strategies for Food Businesses & Educators

This section provides step-by-step guidelines to chefs, restaurateurs, and training centers on how to use media and influencers to change the perception of consumers and promote the acceptance of edible insects.

Step-by-Step Guidelines for Chefs, Restaurateurs, and Training Centers

Step 1: Know Your Audience's Perception





Action: Start by understanding the prevailing attitudes your audience has towards edible insects. This will help you tailor your approach.

- For Restaurants: Assess whether your customers are open to trying insect food or need more exposure and education beforehand.
- For Training Centers: Survey students to find out about their know-how and openness to cooking with edible insects.

Step 2: Educate Your Team and Create Content

Action: Train your staff and create educational materials to boost media and influencer marketing. Your staff should be able to confidently articulate the benefits of eating insects and share this with customers or students.

- For Restaurants: Provide your staff with fact sheets, videos, or web links detailing the nutritional and sustainability benefits of insect consumption.
- For Training Centers: Develop training material or workshops that teach students how to prepare with insect-based ingredients, starting from simple recipes.

Step 3: Add Insect-Based Ingredients into Menus or Curriculum

Action: Add insect-based ingredients to your menu or curriculum in a way that feels natural and comfortable to your customers or students.

- For Restaurants: Incorporate insect-based items, including protein bars, smoothies, or baked items, into your menu. Start with basic foods that customers can easily try, like insect protein bars or cookies made from insect flour.
- For Training Centers: Begin incorporating recipes with insect-based ingredients like cricket flour, mealworm powder, or insect protein into your classes or curriculum.

Step 4: Engage with Influencers and Media

Action: Partner with media and influencers to market edible insects and your insect-based products. Influencers can popularize eating insects by reaching their audience with genuine endorsements.

- For Restaurants: Invite food bloggers or sustainability influencers to sample your insect-based dishes and post about it on social media.
- For Training Centers: Partner with food bloggers to host webinars or cooking demonstrations on insect-based dishes that can be promoted through social media.

Step 5: Create Interactive and Engaging Campaigns

Action: Use social media and influencer partnerships to develop interactive campaigns that encourage consumer engagement and participation.





- For Restaurants: Hold a social media competition where customers share their experience with bug dishes, tagging your restaurant to win rewards or discounts.
- For Training Centers: Host an online cooking contest or recipe challenge, where students cook meals using edible insects and share their results on social media.

Step 6: Measure Success and Gather Feedback

Action: Track your media and influencer campaign performance to determine its effectiveness. Measure engagement through social media metrics, sales, and customer reviews.

- For Restaurants: Track insect-based dish sales and see how much social media engagement influencer posts get. Track customer reviews to measure their awareness of insect-based foods.
- For Training Centers: Monitor student registration for insect-based cookery courses and collect feedback on how the courses change their perception towards consuming insects.

Step 7: Refine Your Strategy Based on Data

Action: Fine-tune your strategy based on data from your campaigns. Identify what is working and what needs to be improved.

- For Restaurants: If a specific insect-based food is doing well, include more insect-based foods or highlight the best-selling food more on the menu.
- For Training Centers: If students are most interested in a specific insect-based recipe or way of cooking, include that in your curriculum to explain it in more detail.

Best Practices for Incorporating the Guidelines into Current Operations

Align with Sustainability Objectives: If your business maintains a sustainability objective, highlight how incorporating edible insects into your product lineup supports these objectives. Use media and influencers to communicate this.

Begin Small and Grow Steadily: Start with a small number of insect-based products or menu items and expand based on customer interest and response.

Provide Hands-On Exposure: Either in a restaurant or training center, giving hands-on exposure (e.g., tastings or cooking demonstrations) will de-popularize edible insects and allow customers or students to personally enjoy them.

Become Active Social Media: Upload posts with edible insects regularly on your social media platforms. Collaborate with social media influencers to reach higher coverage and augment interactions around your bug-based dishes or educational programs.

6. Measuring Impact and Adjusting Strategies





To make your influencer and media campaigns to market edible insects a success, you must be able to measure their success and alter strategies based on results. The following is how you can measure success and adjust your strategy.

Framework for Measuring Success

Surveys and Feedback

- Action: Conduct surveys to determine customer or student attitudes before and after the campaign. Ask whether their attitudes towards edible insects have shifted.
- o Example: After an influencer campaign, send a short survey to see whether customers are more inclined to try insect-based foods.

Social Media Metrics

- o Action: Keep an eye on engagement (likes, comments, shares) on social media to see the reception of your campaigns.
- o Example: Track hashtags like #EatTheBugs or mentions of your insect-based products.

Sales Tracking

- o Action: Monitor the change in sales of insect-based foods during and after the campaign.
- o Example: Track sales of insect protein bars or cookies and see if there is a spike after the campaign launches.

• Engagement with Educational Content

- o Action: Measure the number of people who engage with your educational content (videos, blog posts, webinars).
- o Example: Track views and comments on a video of an influencer talking about the benefits of entomophagy.

Refining Your Approach Based on Results

Adjust Messaging

- o Action: Refine message based on feedback. If individuals are still confused about taste, emphasize quality and flavor in your next campaign.
- o Example: If consumers express confusion about health benefits, create more content explaining the nutritional value of insects.

• Expand Successful Campaigns

o Action: If a single influencer or post was successful, try to build on it with additional influencers or more of the same kind of content.





o Example: If an influencer post for insect-based snacks is popular, hire more influencers to promote the same kinds of products.

• Refine Product Offerings

- Action: If certain products are more popular than others, focus on them. If people love insect protein bars but are not fond of insect soups, focus on expanding the snack line.
- o Example: Launch new flavors or product lines based on the preference of the customers.

Potential Challenges and How to Overcome Them

- Cultural Resistance to Eating Insects
 - o Challenge: People may be reluctant to eat insects due to cultural reasons or disgust.
 - o Solution: Start with insect products that are familiar and easy to try, like protein bars or smoothies. Utilize influencers to normalize the idea.
- Misinformation About Health and Safety
 - o Challenge: Customers may worry about health risks from eating insects.
 - o Solution: Offer information from trusted experts, like nutritionists, to explain the safety and nutritional benefits of insect foods.
- Limited Scope of Campaigns
 - o Challenge: Your influencer marketing campaigns may not reach the right audience.
 - Solution: Partner with niche influencers who have a highly engaged audience, although they may not have a large number of followers. Leverage smaller influencers in the sustainability or health niche.
- Initial Skepticism
 - o Challenge: People may not be willing to try insect-based food at first.
 - o Solution: Host tasting sessions and provide samples to make people comfortable trying something new.

By following these simple steps to measure success and adapt strategies, you can maximize your media and influencer campaigns, debug problems, and maximize consumer acceptance of entomophagy.

7. Conclusion and Key Takeaways





In short, using media and influencers in the war against edible insects' attitudes is an effective strategy for bypassing cultural resistance and mental barriers. By empowering the right influencers and media outlets, educators and food businesses can put the environmental and nutritional benefits of edible insects on the map, making them a mainstream food resource that is embraced. The most important takeaways are understanding your audience, producing compelling content, and engaging with influencers, in addition to constant monitoring of campaign impact to further strategies. Overcoming resistance as a result of cultural reasons and misinformation will be central to edible insect uptake within global food systems.

Guideline 2: Educating stakeholders on existing good practices

Title: Educating stakeholders on existing good practices

Introduction

The application of insect-derived food ingredients in formulated foods offers much to the food sector to generate high-protein, sustainable, and functionally fortified products. These ingredients cannot be used for real benefits if the food science expert does not know their scalability during industrial food processing, physicochemical behavior, sensory impact, and applicability in functional matrices. Their stability, compatibility in existing matrices, and solubility are important for proteins, lipids, and fiber that should be developed to allow acceptance by the consumers and get registered by authorities.

This guideline will educate stakeholders like food technologists, R&D staff, and manufacturers in best practices and techniques for effectively utilizing insect-based ingredients in processed foods. It provides hands-on information regarding functional ingredient application, formulation adjustment needs, and key factors to manufacture acceptable, stable, and nutritionally improved food products on an industrial scale. By promoting current best practices, the guideline assists stakeholders in addressing the challenges and opportunities of this emerging industry, enabling the sustainable and successful incorporation of insect ingredients into mainstream foods.

Objectives

By following this guideline, food professionals will learn:

- How to process insect proteins, lipids, and fibers for utilization in processed food formulations.
- Techniques for enhancing solubility, emulsification, and texture in various food matrices.
- Strategies for optimal ingredient matching for taste, functionality, and consumer acceptability.
- Food safety considerations, regulatory requirements, and industrial acceptability during implementation of insect-based ingredients for large-scale applications.





2. Understanding the Key Issues

The insect consumption practice is hindered by various psychological, social, and practical barriers that influence its acceptance, particularly in Western societies where edible insects are generally taboo or disgusting. The barriers can be addressed by understanding what influences the public attitude and behavior towards foods with insects.

Psychological Barriers

- Disgust and Food Neophobia: The strongest psychological obstacle is perhaps disgust, and it is rooted in cultural values as well as personal likes. The majority of people naturally do not want to consume insects, seeing them as filthy, bugs, or "gross" food. Studies have shown that disgust is a powerful psychological response, affecting individuals' readiness to eat new foods, particularly those that are novel or unconventional culturally (Rozin et al., 2008). This reaction, popularly referred to as "food neophobia," is compounded by the fact that individuals have minimal exposure to insects as a food source.
- Limited Education and Awareness: Limited knowledge of the nutritional and environmental benefits of insects is another hindrance. A number of consumers are not entirely aware that insects consumed as food are rich in protein, fiber, and essential amino acids, and that their production has a much lower environmental footprint compared to conventional livestock farming. It has been established that consumers are unlikely to view insects as a suitable food option unless they have been educated and subjected to awareness campaigns (Guiné et al., 2023).

Social Barriers

- Cultural Resistance: Cultural attitudes play a very large role in deciding attitudes
 towards the consumption of insects. In Western societies, consumption of insects is
 seen as odd and even repulsive since traditional Western food norms do not comprise
 insects. Contrarily, insect consumption is common in much of Asia, Africa, and Latin
 America, where insects are seen as a normal food source that is nutritious. Western
 culture's cultural taboo against entomophagy, or using insects as a source of food,
 makes it difficult to transform such deeply ingrained beliefs and norms (Verbeke et
 al., 2022).
- Media Representation: Mainstream food media and social media reinforce negative stigma toward edible insects as exotic or even "gross." Mainstream food media in general focus on more socially acceptable and prevalent proteins such as beef, chicken, and fish. Insect food media representation of insects as "other" reinforces negative social opinion and limits acceptance (Guiné et al., 2023).

Practical Barriers

- Product Availability and Familiarity: Unavailability of insect-based products to most regions presents a practical inhibitor. Edible insect products have not yet been mainstream, and inclusion in typical food production remains limited. Second, individuals normally lack information concerning the use of insects in food, and hence this comprises an added element of inconvenience towards its adoption (Verbeke et al., 2022).
- Regulatory and Safety Concerns: Regulatory issues also hinder the mass application of entomophagy. Most nations have not yet formulated specific guidelines or





standards for rearing insects, processing, and selling them, and thus producers cannot mass produce insect-based food products. Further, food safety hazards, for instance, contamination risk, may deter consumers from eating insect-based foods unless strict regulations and quality control measures are adopted (FAO, 2013).

Insights from Recent Research Supporting

- Changing Attitudes Through Media and Education: Research has proven that
 education campaigns, as well as media reports highlighting the environmental and
 nutritional benefits of edible insects, can shape consumer attitudes. For example, a
 study by Verbeke et al. (2022) found that consumers exposed to positive media
 advertising about the sustainability of edible insects were more likely to consume
 them as an appropriate food option.
- Cultural Transformations in Acceptance: Guiné et al. (2023) found that within cultures
 that possess a cultural past of entomophagy (the practice of eating insects), people
 were more likely to embrace insects as a food, particularly when the insects were
 presented in familiar forms such as protein shakes or smoothies. This reflects that
 phased implementation of insect-derived foods within current food trends could lead
 to more acceptance.

In short, the psychological, social, and practical obstacles to entomophagy exist but can be addressed. They will manifest as directed education, constructive media portrayals, and pragmatic solutions that simplify insect foods, making them convenient and a normal part of consumers' daily lives.

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3. Step-by-Step Operational Guidelines

To truly inform stakeholders of good practices, it is necessary to provide them with actionable, understandable, and applicable information that they can apply in their own operations. Below are practical steps that food businesses, educators, and institutions can take to share and integrate best practices into their operations.

Step 1: Identify Stakeholder Groups and Their Needs





Action: Identify the key stakeholders whom you would like to train (e.g., food manufacturers, teachers, consumers, policymakers) and their specific needs, knowledge gaps, and concerns regarding good practices.

Example: When training food manufacturers, emphasize feasibility and economics of good practice. When training teachers, emphasize teaching approaches and how to integrate new practices into curricula.

Best Practice: Create audience-specific profiles that describe the stakeholders' existing knowledge, goals, and concerns. This allows you to tailor the education content to be as useful and effective as possible.

Step 2: Curate Existing Good Practices and Resources

Action: Gather successful cases, case studies, and best practice reports within your industry. Ensure these resources are relevant to the stakeholders' needs.

Example: If advocating sustainable agriculture, provide examples of effective farms that conserve water while maintaining high productivity. Or, if talking about entomophagy food products, provide examples of firms that have incorporated edible insects into mainstream products.

Best Practice: Provide real-world examples with quantifiable results (e.g., cost savings, sustainability advantages, consumer acceptance) so the best practices are tangible and appealing.

Step 3: Develop Simple, Actionable Educational Content

Action: Develop easy-to-follow educational content breaking down the best practices into easy steps. They can be guides, videos, infographics, or workshops.

Example: Develop a series of videos on how to implement good sustainability practices, for example, reducing food wastage or incorporating insect protein into food products.

Best Practice: Create interactive materials like worksheets or checklists whereby stakeholders are able to self-evaluate what they currently practice and where they must do better.

Tip: Use visual tools, flowcharts, and diagrams in an effort to simplify complex procedures and show step by step how stakeholders are able to embrace these practices in their operations.

Step 4: Deliver the Educational Materials to Stakeholders

Action: Choose the optimal channels of delivery for your target audience. This could be online webinars, face-to-face workshops, e-learning platforms, or hard copy documents.

Example: Host a series of webinars by industry professionals to outline the applicability of good practice and the best way to apply it.

Best Practice: Combine modes such as hands-on with workshops, availability through webinars, and hard copy material for more detailed examination of topics.

Step 5: Encourage Collaboration and Knowledge Sharing

Action: Offer a platform for stakeholders to share their practices, challenges, and experiences of implementing good practice. This enables continuous learning and development.

Example: Set up a forum or community space where policymakers, educators, and food manufacturers can share practices and best practices.





Best Practice: Organize roundtable meetings or networking events that bring together stakeholders to discuss and collaborate on improving practices across industries.

Step 6: Monitor the Effect and Adjust Strategies

Action: Monitor the effect of your educational action on a regular basis by gathering stakeholders' responses and observing implementation of the best practices.

Example: Following a training session on sustainable farming practices, request attendees to fill in a questionnaire about what they learned and how they will apply the same.

Best Practice: Use feedback to refine your educational materials and delivery mechanisms. If stakeholders are struggling with specific practices, provide more resources or support to help bridge the difficulty.

Step 7: Provide Continuous Support and Updates on Information

Action: Ensure stakeholders have continuous access to updated information, resources, and support to maintain continuation of good practice implementation.

Example: Create a newsletter or resource center where stakeholders can access the latest research, success stories, and new tools on good practices.

Best Practice: Offer follow-up workshops, refresher training, or one-on-one consulting to help stakeholders remain on track with the implementation of the practices in the long term.

4. Addressing Consumer Perceptions and Engagement

Changing consumer attitudes towards new sources of food, such as insect-based food, is needed in order to increase their use. Restaurants, food vendors, and educators can play a significant role in reframing these attitudes through the implementation of effective communication channels and the creation of appealing experiences. A number of the primary measures and ways to overcome resistance from consumers and increase engagement with insect-based foods are outlined below.

How Can Restaurants, Food Providers, or Educators Influence Consumer Attitudes?

1. Promote Awareness and Education

Action: Educate consumers about the nutritional and environmental benefits of insect food. Communicating facts and statistics about the lower resource consumption and greenhouse gas emissions of insect farming compared to traditional livestock farming can alter behavior.

Example: Food suppliers and restaurants can provide educational materials, such as fact sheets or video tutorials, on menus or websites explaining the benefits of eating insects for sustainability and health.

Best Practice: Educational campaigns should highlight the way eating insects can reduce the global carbon footprint and make it a viable food source for the future.

2. Normalize the Concept Through Familiar Forms

Action: Introduce insect foods in familiar forms to reduce discomfort. Instead of offering whole insects, add insect-based products like cricket flour, mealworm protein, or insect protein powder to familiar foods like burgers, pasta, or protein bars.





Example: Restaurants could serve insect-protein bars or smoothies where customers can just try these items without having to face the shocking sight of complete insects.

Best Practice: Stress using insect-derived products in regular foods that already familiarize them with, getting customers accustomed smoothly to entomophagy.

3. Work with Influencers and Media

Action: Partner with influencers and media to create positive, shareable content about insect-based foods. By leveraging the credibility of influencers, food providers can break down consumer resistance and promote the benefits of edible insects.

Example: Partner with influencers in the sustainability or wellness niches to share their experience with insect-based products. Influencers can develop taste tests, recipes, or "behind-the-scenes" content featuring how insect-based foods are made and consumed.

Best Practice: Use a professional mix of influencers from different audience segments, e.g., health, sustainability, and food influencers, to gain mass-based engagement from the various groups.

Communication Strategies to Reduce Resistance and Increase Acceptance

1. Reframe the Story:

Action: Shift the message from placing emphasis on the "insects" per se to positioning the benefits of the food as such (e.g., sustainability, nutrition, and innovation). Presenting insect-based foods as "sustainable superfoods" will reduce resistance.

Example: Rather than labeling them as "bugs" or "insects," use such terms as "cricket protein" or "mealworm flour" to de-stereotype the negative perception.

Best Practice: Use messaging which presents the positive contribution to the environment being delivered by insect foods, including curbing greenhouse gases, conserving water, and reducing food security concerns.

2. Tap Sensory Appeal:

Action: Highlight the sensory attributes of the food—its taste, texture, and appearance. Describe how insect-based ingredients can add flavor and texture to foods (e.g., protein, crunch, or richness).

Example: Conduct taste-testing sessions where customers can taste insect-based foods and similar foods, thus allowing them to compare flavors and textures.

Best Practice: Utilize sensory labeling in advertising campaigns or on menus, such as "crispy, high-protein mealworm flour" or "nutty, sustainable cricket protein," to tantalize taste buds and stimulate curiosity.

3. Use Humor and Creativity:

Action: Utilize humor and creativity to overcome the initial resistance to insect food with light-hearted, engaging content that makes consuming insects more accessible and less intimidating.





Example: Create fun social media posts or memes of people trying insect-based foods and reacting positively. Humor can help reduce the "yuck" factor and make people more willing to try.

Best Practice: Introduce light-hearted campaigns or challenges (e.g., "Bug Bites Challenge") that encourage consumers to try insect-based products and share their experiences on social media.

Relevant Approaches, Strategies, or Techniques

1. Introduce Gradually:

Action: Start with small, friendly introductions to insect foods before exposing consumers to more novel or exotic products. This will acclimatize them to the idea and they will become more comfortable over time.

Example: Begin by placing insect-based foods like protein bars or crisps in restaurants or stores, and then introduce more novel products like insect-based pasta or burgers after consumers have become accustomed to the idea.

Best Practice: Offer free samples or tastings of insect food items to overcome fears and offer people an opportunity to taste before purchasing a full amount.

2. Offer Incentives:

Action: Use promotions, discounts, or loyalty schemes to encourage customers to try insect-based food. Reward customers for trying insect-based meals or products by offering them a discount on their subsequent purchase.

Example: Create a loyalty card or rewards scheme for customers who purchase insect-based products, i.e., a free snack following sampling three distinct insect-based menu items.

Best Practice: Provide limited-time promotions or special events (e.g., "Sustainable Food Week") when insect-based foods are offered at a reduced price to encourage first-time samples.

3. Promote Inclusivity and Diversity

Action: Activate many consumers by promoting the healthiness and inclusion of insect food. Activate various communities and illustrate how food insects can be included in the diet for different dietary requirements (e.g., high-protein, gluten-free, sustainable).

Example: Feature various influencers or community members demonstrating how insect-based foods fit into different diets, e.g., vegan, veggie, high-protein athlete.

Best Practice: Tailor your messaging to various dietary needs and preferences, e.g., highlighting that insect protein is hypoallergenic or high in essential amino acids.

5. Implementation Strategies for Food Businesses & Educators

• Evaluate Stakeholder Knowledge and Requirements: Begin by evaluating the knowledge gaps and precise requirements of your stakeholders. Conduct a survey





among staff, customers, or students to find out what they know of good practices currently.

- Curate Pertinent Good Practices: Gather effective case studies and examples directly relevant to your stakeholders. Examples may include effective examples of sustainable sourcing or insect-based ingredient use.
- Develop Actionable Learning Resources: Develop clear and simple learning resources such as guides, videos, or workshops that simplify best practices into step-by-step procedures for stakeholders to follow.
- Make Stakeholders Feel Hands-On: Provide stakeholders with hands-on sessions in working with good practices such as conducting workshops, tastings, or cooking demonstrations that allow them to apply immediately what they have gained.
- Promote Cooperation and Data Sharing: Provide forums or meetings where the stakeholders can share experience, ask questions, and cooperate to strengthen practices.
- Monitor Progress and Gather Comments: On occasion, assess the efficacy of the stakeholders' application of the practices by receiving feedback in terms of surveys or forums. Use critical indicators such as customer satisfaction or student involvement.
- Improve Practices Based on Feedback: Put the feedback into practice by adjusting. If that doesn't work, provide additional resources or change the approach to better meet stakeholders' needs..

6. Measuring Impact and Adjusting Strategies

Assessment Framework:

- Sales Metrics: Track the sales of insect-based products to measure initial interest and growth.
- Consumer Feedback: Utilize taste tests, surveys, and reviews to inform feedback about product appeal and consumer satisfaction.
- Retail & Distributor Insights: Evaluate product performance according to distributors' and retailers' sales data, return rates, and customer feedback.
- Market Trends & Social Media: Monitor online discussions and hashtags (e.g., #SustainableEating, #InsectProtein) to gauge public opinion.

Refinement Strategies:

- Slow Product Uptake: Reposition marketing message, initiate sampling promotions, or offer limited-time promotions.
- Texture Concerns: Reformulate processing techniques to improve texture, e.g., extrusion or blending with familiar ingredients.





- Low Repeat Purchases: Offer promotions like product bundling or create loyalty rewards to encourage repeat purchases.
- Weak Market Engagement: Collaborate with influencers or thought leaders in sustainability and nutrition to increase visibility and credibility for the product.

7. Conclusion and Key Takeaways

In short, it is important to educate stakeholders about best practices today so that insect-based ingredients can be successfully incorporated into food products. By overcoming psychological, social, and practical challenges through clear, actionable content and experiential engagement, stakeholders will be more likely to understand and adopt such practices. Continuous collaboration, feedback, and constant improvement of strategies will ensure the successful incorporation of insect-based ingredients, enabling the promotion of sustainability and innovation in the food sector.

Theme 3: Fighting rejection and phobia for entomophagy

Guideline 1: Labeling Effectively to Prevent Insect Gastronomy Misinformation

Introduction

The concept of entomophagy (the practice of eating insects) is gaining traction as a sustainable alternative to traditional animal proteins. However, despite its potential benefits, widespread consumer acceptance remains elusive, largely due to psychological barriers such as fear and disgust, as well as misinformation surrounding the safety and nutritional value of insect-based foods (Jensen et al., 2019). These barriers can impede the successful introduction of insect gastronomy into mainstream diets. Effective labeling can play a role in shifting public perceptions and providing the necessary clarity about insect-based products. This guideline focuses on the importance of labeling in educating consumers, combating misinformation and promoting acceptance of insect-based foods.

Objectives

By the end of this guideline, readers will be able to:

- 1. Recognize the importance of clear labeling in overcoming phobias and misconceptions about entomophagy.
- 2. Apply strategies for labeling that emphasize the nutritional and environmental benefits of insect-based ingredients.
- 3. Understand how to frame information in a way that reduces consumer anxiety and fosters curiosity.
- 4. Develop labels that align with regulatory standards while still appealing to consumer psychology.

2. Understanding the key issues





There are several psychological, social, and practical issues that inhibit the acceptance of insect consumption:

- 1. Psychological Barriers: Research indicates that disgust is one of the primary psychological barriers to insect consumption. Studies, such as those by Rozin et al. (2020), reveal that many individuals view insects as unclean or unsafe to eat, despite their high nutritional value. The "yuck factor" (a feeling of horror, revulsion, or disgust generated by an aspect of an idea, action, situation) is especially pronounced in Western cultures, where insects are not traditionally consumed (Tao, 2021).
- 2. Misinformation: Misinformation about the health risks of consuming insects is rampant (Lelieveld., & Andersen, 2019). Many consumers are unfamiliar with the nutritional benefits of insects, such as their high protein content, low fat, and environmental sustainability. A 2020 FAO report emphasized that insects are an excellent source of micronutrients, protein, and essential amino acids, which can be particularly beneficial in food-insecure regions (FAO, 2020). However, without proper labeling, these benefits remain obscured, perpetuating unfounded fears about insect consumption.
- 3. Cultural perception: Insects are often perceived as pests or contaminants in many Western countries, a perception that significantly impacts their acceptance as food (Looy et al., 2014). Overcoming these perceptions requires rebranding insects as a desirable and sustainable food source, which can be effectively achieved through thoughtful labeling.

3. Step-by-Step Operational Guidelines

- 1. Developing Transparent and Informative Labels
 - O The first step in creating effective labels is to prioritize transparency. Labels should provide clear, factual information about the origin, safety, and benefits of insect-based products. This information should include the specific insect species used (e.g., crickets, mealworms), their nutritional profile (e.g., protein content, vitamins), and their environmental advantages (e.g., low water usage, minimal carbon footprint). By providing these details, consumers are empowered to make informed decisions.
 - Example: A cricket protein powder label might read: "Contains 70% protein by weight, rich in B12, iron, and omega-3s. Sourced from sustainable cricket farms that use 1/10th the water of traditional livestock farming."
- 2. Using Positive Framing and Reframing
 - O Labels should avoid using words that evoke negative associations with insects, such as "bugs" or "crawlies." Instead, use neutral or positive terms such as "micro-protein," "sustainable protein". Neutral and positive framing helps reduce disgust and reposition insects as a high-quality, desirable food source.
 - O Example: Instead of labeling a dish as "Insect Tacos," a better label could be "Sustainable protein tacos made with crickets," which emphasizes the ecological benefits of consuming insects without invoking fear.
- 3. Highlighting Health and Sustainability Benefits





- O Labeling should emphasize the health benefits of insect consumption, such as their high protein content, vitamins, and essential amino acids. Insects are also an excellent source of unsaturated fats and fiber, which contribute to a balanced diet. Additionally, labeling should focus on the sustainability of insect farming, such as the reduction in land, water, and greenhouse gas emissions compared to traditional livestock farming (Van Huis et al., 2017).
- Example: "Locusts: high in protein and iron, and farmed with 99% less water and land use than beef production, supporting a greener planet."

4. Aligning with Regulatory Standards

- O Labels must comply with local and international food safety regulations. In many regions, insects are considered novel foods, and specific regulations govern their sale. The European Union, for instance, has established clear rules for the commercialization of edible insects (EU Regulation 2015/2283). It is crucial for businesses to ensure their labels meet these legal requirements while also addressing consumer concerns.
- Example: Labels should include certifications like "Certified by the EU Novel Foods Regulation" or "Food Safety Certified."

5. Pay attention to the Visual Design

- O In addition to clear information, the design of the label plays an important role in consumer engagement. Use images and icons that convey freshness, sustainability, and the natural origins of the product. Incorporating visual elements like nature-inspired designs or symbols of sustainability can further enhance the appeal of insect-based products.
- Example: A label for cricket flour could feature an image of a cricket in a natural setting alongside a "sustainability" icon, signaling the eco-friendly production process.

4. Addressing Consumer Perceptions and Engagement

1. Building Trust

One of the most effective ways to combat rejection is to build consumer trust through transparency. Clear and honest labeling helps demystify insect-based products and dispels misconceptions. Providing detailed information about sourcing, production practices, and the benefits of insect consumption fosters a sense of confidence among consumers.

2. Incorporating Storytelling

O Labels that include brief storytelling elements can help engage consumers on an emotional level. Sharing the story of how insects are sustainably farmed or how a particular insect species contributes to local economies can foster a connection between the consumer and the product. For example, including information about small-scale farmers or sustainable farming practices can humanize the product and make it more relatable.

3. Educational Messaging

O Incorporate educational content into labels to inform consumers about the nutritional and ecological benefits of insects. Educational messaging could include facts such as, "Did you know? Eating crickets saves 80% of the water





needed to produce beef!" (). This encourages them to consider the broader environmental impact of their food choices.

4. Reassurance of Quality and Safety

 Ensure that labels provide reassurances about the quality and safety of the product. For example, "Laboratory-tested for quality assurance" or "Farmed under strict hygiene standards" can alleviate consumer concerns about food safety.

5. Implementation Strategies for Food Businesses & Educators

1. For Restaurateurs and Chefs

When introducing insect-based ingredients, work with suppliers who provide high-quality products that comply with food safety standards. Integrate insect-based dishes gradually into your menu, offering clear explanations about the ingredients and their benefits through both menu labeling and staff training.

2. For Educators and Training Centers

Training programs for chefs and restaurant staff should include modules on the importance of labeling, the benefits of insect-based foods, and how to engage with customers about these products. Use real-life examples and case studies to demonstrate how transparent, informative labeling can influence consumer acceptance.

6. Measuring Impact and Adjusting Strategies

1. Monitor Consumer Feedback

O Use surveys, comment cards, and social media interactions to track consumer reactions to insect-based products and labels. Are consumers more likely to try products with clear, informative labels? Do certain phrases or images resonate more effectively than others?

2. Adjust Labeling Based on Insights

 Analyze the feedback to identify trends in consumer preferences. If certain labeling strategies (such as emphasizing sustainability) lead to higher sales or more positive feedback, consider adjusting labels to better reflect those priorities.

7. Conclusion and Key Takeaways

Effective labeling is important in overcoming psychological barriers and misinformation about insect consumption. Providing clear, informative, and appealing labels, you can increase consumer trust, reduce resistance, and promote acceptance of insect-based foods. The key takeaways include:

- 1. Transparency and factual information are essential for overcoming misinformation.
- 2. Positive framing and the emphasis on health and sustainability can reduce consumer anxiety.





- 3. Engaging visual design and educational messaging can enhance consumer engagement.
- 4. Regular feedback and adjustments based on consumer reactions are critical for optimizing labeling strategies.

Guideline 2: Utilizing Gastronomic Knowledge to Fight the Rejection of Insect-Based Ingredients

Introduction

One of the challenges in the acceptance of entomophagy (the practice of eating insects) is overcoming psychological resistance to insect-based ingredients. Despite their clear nutritional, ecological, and culinary benefits, many consumers find it difficult to embrace insects as a food source due to deep-rooted cultural biases, emotional responses, and a lack of familiarity with the potential culinary applications of insects. However, utilizing established gastronomic knowledge can be an effective way to reduce this rejection and foster a more positive perception of insect-based ingredients. By integrating insects into dishes in a way that aligns with established culinary traditions and knowledge, chefs and restaurateurs can make these ingredients more approachable, palatable, and appealing.

This guideline outlines how culinary professionals can use their expertise to effectively incorporate insect-based ingredients into their menus, creating dishes that are both delicious and familiar while simultaneously educating diners about the benefits of entomophagy.

Objectives

By the end of this guideline, readers will be able to:

- 1. Understand the role of culinary techniques and flavor pairing in overcoming consumer rejection of insect-based ingredients.
- 2. Use knowledge of textures, flavors, and cooking methods to integrate insects seamlessly into traditional and contemporary dishes.
- 3. Apply strategies for familiarizing consumers with insect-based ingredients through taste and presentation, ensuring the dishes appeal to a wide range of tastes.
- 4. Create recipes that combine insect-based ingredients with widely accepted foods to reduce resistance and enhance acceptance.

2. Understanding the Key Issues

Several psychological, cultural, and culinary barriers contribute to the rejection of insect-based ingredients:

1. Psychological Barriers: As discussed in Guideline 1, disgust is one of the main psychological barriers to consuming insects. This barrier is often based on the visual and textural aspects of insects, which many people find unappealing (Rozin et al., 2020). The "yuck factor" is especially prevalent in Western cultures, where insects are not traditionally eaten.





- Lack of Familiarity with Culinary Uses: Many consumers have little to no exposure to
 the culinary potential of insects. Insect-based ingredients are often perceived as
 exotic or strange, and unfamiliarity breeds hesitation (Modlinska et al., 2020). The
 challenge lies in reintroducing these ingredients in a way that aligns with familiar
 culinary practices and comfort foods.
- 3. Flavor and Texture Considerations: Insects, despite their high nutritional value, can have unique textures and flavors that differ from those of traditional animal proteins. However, with the right culinary techniques, these textures and flavors can be harnessed to create dishes that are both satisfying and familiar to consumers.

3. Step-by-Step Operational Guidelines

- 1. Start with familiar flavors and textures
 - One of the most effective ways to introduce insects into a menu is by starting with flavors and textures that are already familiar to the diner. For instance, using ground insect flour as a base for baked goods or pasta can allow the consumer to experience the nutritional benefits of insects without encountering their whole form. This technique helps mask any visual aspects that may provoke disgust, making it easier for diners to accept the dish.
 - Example: Cricket flour can be incorporated into pizza dough (e.g.,), pancakes, or pasta to introduce insects in a non-threatening way. The flavors of these dishes remain familiar, and the texture of the cricket flour is easily integrated into the dough without significantly altering the mouthfeel.

2. Incorporate insects into popular dishes

- O Another strategy is to incorporate insects into dishes that diners are already familiar with, such as tacos, burgers, or stir-fries. By pairing insects with ingredients that are widely accepted and loved, chefs can ease consumers into insect consumption without overwhelming them (e.g.,).
- Example: Mealworms or crickets can be added to a stir-fry or taco filling alongside traditional vegetables, sauces, and spices (). The insects can be ground or lightly toasted to blend seamlessly with other ingredients, making them less noticeable and more palatable to hesitant diners.
- 3. Utilize cooking techniques to enhance flavor and mask unfamiliar textures
 - The way insects are prepared can significantly impact their acceptability. As demonstrated by many studies, roasting, frying, or grinding insects can improve their flavor profile and reduce any perceived textural issues (Modlinska et al., 2020; Liang et al., 2024; Ganbat & Han, 2025). Roasting insects, for instance, can bring out a nutty, savory flavor that complements many common foods, while frying can give them a crispy texture that enhances their appeal.
 - Example: Crickets can be roasted with spices and incorporated into a salad or added as a crunchy topping to a soup, similar to croutons (see other examples here:). The crisp texture and savory flavor are more likely to be appreciated by diners who might otherwise be put off by the appearance of whole insects.
- 4. Highlighting the health and sustainability benefits in the menu
 - Another important strategy is to frame insect-based dishes in terms of their health and sustainability benefits. Consumers are increasingly interested in





- eco-friendly and health-conscious food options (Cam, 2023), so emphasizing these aspects can help shift perceptions. When preparing a dish with insect-based ingredients, highlight the protein content, the environmental sustainability, and the potential benefits for food security.
- o Example: A menu description might read: "Grilled cricket protein burger-packed with 30g of protein and 80% less environmental impact than a traditional beef burger." This approach appeals to health-conscious and environmentally aware diners while normalizing the use of insects as an ingredient.
- 4. Addressing consumer perceptions and engagement

1. Building curiosity through sensory experiences

One effective way to overcome rejection is to engage consumers' senses before they even taste the dish. Offering small tastings or samples of insectbased ingredients can help reduce initial resistance (Velasco Vizcaíno & Pohlmann, 2025). Sensory engagement, such as the aroma or crunch of roasted insects, can pique curiosity and encourage diners to try the dish.

2. Staff training

O It is crucial for restaurant staff to be well-trained in discussing the benefits of insect-based foods and answering any questions diners might have. A wellinformed server can make a significant difference in shaping consumer attitudes. Teach staff about insect-based foods and train them to respond to any questions with enthusiasm and confidence.

3. Use of visual appeal

O The presentation of dishes plays a role in consumer acceptance (Hwang & Lin, 2010). A well-presented dish can significantly reduce the "yuck factor" by making the insects appear less alien and more integrated into the dish. Use aesthetically pleasant photos in the menu and appealing plating techniques to enhance the dish's visual appeal and distract from any negative connotations associated with the insects.

5. Implementation Strategies for Food Businesses & Educators

1. For Restaurateurs and Chefs

- O When introducing insect-based ingredients to your menu, start small. Begin with one or two dishes that incorporate insects in subtle ways (e.g., insect flour in baked goods or ground insects in tacos) and gauge customer reactions. Gradually increase the presence of insect-based dishes as customers become more familiar and comfortable with the concept. Offer little tastings.
- For Example: Start with an "Insect Tasting Plate" featuring small portions of different insect-based ingredients. This gives diners an opportunity to sample various preparations without committing to a full dish.
- 2. For Educators and Training Centers





O Training programs for chefs and culinary students should emphasize the versatility of insect-based ingredients and how to incorporate them into a wide range of dishes. Use practical lessons that focus on flavor pairing, cooking techniques, and menu design to help students feel confident in working with insect-based ingredients. Train them how to answer to the doubts of consumers.

6. Measuring Impact and Adjusting Strategies

1. Monitor customer feedback

 Collect feedback from diners through surveys or questions to gauge their reaction to insect-based dishes. Use this feedback to adjust recipes, presentations, and menu descriptions.

2. Track sales trends

O Keep track of the sales performance of insect-based dishes and compare them to traditional dishes. If certain insect-based dishes sell well, consider expanding their presence on the menu or experimenting with new preparations.

3. Refine based on insights

 If customers respond positively to certain flavor combinations or preparations, highlight those in future dishes. Continuously refine your approach based on customer preferences and feedback.

7. Conclusion and Key Takeaways

Utilizing gastronomic knowledge is fundamental for overcoming consumer rejection of insect-based ingredients. The key takeaways include:

- 1. Start with familiar flavors and textures to ease consumers into insect consumption.
- 2. Use culinary techniques to enhance the flavor and texture of insects, making them more appealing.
- 3. Frame insect-based dishes as both beautiful and sustainable to appeal to health-conscious and eco-aware diners.
- 4. Continuously refine your approach based on customer feedback to ensure that your dishes are meeting the needs and preferences of your clientele.

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Theme 4: Integrating Insect-Based Ingredients into Industrial Food Production

The development and application of insect-based ingredients in industrial food production present a significant opportunity for the food industry to create sustainable, high-protein, and nutritionally rich products. While edible insects are already consumed in various cultures worldwide, their adoption in processed and large-scale food manufacturing remains a challenge due to sensory characteristics, formulation constraints, and consumer acceptance.





This section of the manual provides two essential guidelines aimed at assisting food manufacturers, R&D teams, and food technologists in successfully integrating insect-derived components into industrially viable food products.

Guideline 1: Developing Industrially Viable Insect-Based Food Products

Title: Developing Industrially Viable Insect-Based Food Products

Introduction

The industrial development of insect-based food products requires strategic formulation to ensure nutritional balance, sensory appeal, and consumer acceptability. This guideline provides food technologists and product developers with a structured approach to incorporating insect-derived ingredients into industrially scalable food products..

Objectives

By following this guideline, food professionals will learn:

- How to select and process insect-derived ingredients for large-scale production.
- Strategies to enhance the sensory appeal of insect-based products.
- Ingredient pairing techniques to improve taste, texture, and overall acceptability.
- Methods for overcoming consumer resistance through optimized formulations.

2. Understanding the Key Issues

Integrating insect-based ingredients into industrial food production presents multiple challenges that must be addressed to ensure successful adoption and consumer acceptance. These key issues include:

• Consumer Acceptance:

- o The perception of insects as food remains a major barrier in many markets due to cultural biases and psychological resistance.
- To improve acceptance, insect-based ingredients should be incorporated into familiar and widely consumed food formats (e.g., bakery products, pasta, protein bars) rather than presented as exotic novelties.
- o Effective communication strategies should highlight sustainability, nutritional benefits, and functional advantages to shift consumer attitudes.

Nutritional Composition:





- Insects are rich in high-quality proteins, essential fatty acids, vitamins (B12, riboflavin), and minerals (iron, zinc, calcium), but their composition varies depending on the species and processing method.
- When formulating insect-based products, it is essential to balance their nutritional profile with complementary ingredients to optimize digestibility and overall nutrient density.
- Some insect-derived proteins may have lower digestibility compared to animal or plant-based proteins, requiring processing methods such as enzymatic hydrolysis to enhance bioavailability.

Processing Challenges:

- o The structural properties of insect-based ingredients differ from conventional proteins, requiring specific processing adaptations.
- Texture Optimization: Whole insects can have a crunchy texture, while powdered forms may alter viscosity and mouthfeel in processed foods.
 Milling, extrusion, or hydrolysis techniques can improve consistency.
- Aroma and Flavor Considerations: Some insect-derived proteins exhibit umami or nutty flavors, while others may have earthy or metallic notes. Pairing with spices, cocoa, or roasted nuts can enhance palatability.
- Oxidative Stability: Insect oils, particularly from black soldier fly larvae, are prone to oxidation. Encapsulation techniques or antioxidant fortification can enhance their shelf stability.

• Scientific Insights:

- Research indicates that blending insect proteins with plant-based proteins (e.g., soy, pea, lentil) improves texture and consumer acceptance by creating a more familiar sensory experience.
- Studies highlight the potential of chitin, a fiber-like polysaccharide found in insect exoskeletons, for gut health benefits, acting as a prebiotic and enhancing the functional properties of food products.
- o Advances in food technology, such as precision fermentation and protein texturization, are helping to enhance the usability of insect-based ingredients in industrial food formulations.

3. Step-by-Step Operational Guidelines

1. Ingredient Selection & Processing:





- o Identify suitable insect-based raw materials (e.g., cricket flour, mealworm protein, black soldier fly lipid extracts).
- o Optimize processing techniques (e.g., hydrolysis, enzymatic treatment) to enhance functional properties.

2. Flavor and Texture Optimization:

- o Combine insect-based proteins with starches, hydrocolloids, or plant proteins for improved texture.
- o Mask strong umami flavors with natural flavor enhancers or complementary ingredients (e.g., cocoa for energy bars, spices for savory snacks).

3. Suggested Ingredient Pairings:

- o Cricket flour + oat and almond flour \rightarrow High-protein bakery applications.
- o **Mealworm protein + lentil or chickpea flour** → Nutrient-dense snacks.
- o Black soldier fly oil + cocoa butter → Sustainable fat replacement in confectionery.
- o Silkworm powder + dried fruits and nuts → Protein-enhanced energy bars.

4. Addressing Consumer Perceptions and Engagement

To shift consumer mindsets and enhance acceptance of insect-based products in the food industry, manufacturers and retailers must implement targeted strategies that normalize their use, educate consumers, and leverage sensory appeal.

- Reframe Insects as Normal: Rather than positioning insect-based products as exotic or niche, integrate them into familiar and widely accepted food formats. For example:
 - o Cricket flour can be blended into protein bars, pasta, or bakery products, making them more approachable for mainstream consumers.
 - Mealworm protein can be incorporated into high-protein snacks, breakfast cereals, or alternative meat products to enhance nutritional value without drastically altering taste or texture.
 - o Chitin-derived fiber can be added to functional beverages or gut-health formulations, similar to other prebiotic fibers.
- Storytelling & Transparency: Consumers are more likely to accept insect-based foods when they understand their benefits. Packaging and promotional materials should clearly communicate:





- o Sustainability advantages—e.g., "Our insect protein reduces carbon emissions by 60% compared to traditional livestock protein."
- o Nutritional superiority—highlight high-quality protein, essential amino acids, and micronutrient content.
- o Processing & safety assurances—emphasizing high food safety standards and production transparency.
- QR codes linking to educational content can be placed on packaging to offer insights into sourcing, processing, and environmental impact.
- Industry & Retailer Advocacy: Training and education should extend to food professionals, retailers, and supply chain partners to build confidence in marketing and selling insect-based foods.
 - o Organize seminars, trade fairs, and tasting events to familiarize stakeholders with insect-based ingredients.
 - o Equip sales teams with a structured 30-second elevator pitch to answer consumer questions confidently.
 - o Develop B2B partnerships with major food brands and suppliers to integrate insect-derived ingredients into existing product lines.
- Visual Appeal & Product Familiarity: Insects in whole form may deter consumers, but when processed into familiar food matrices, they become more acceptable.
 - o Use subtle incorporation techniques, such as finely milled insect flour or emulsified insect oils, in baked goods, snacks, and protein shakes.
 - o Leverage plating and design strategies in foodservice and retail packaging to create visually appealing, aspirational branding.
 - o Utilize bright, natural colors and clear ingredient labeling to highlight the wholesome, high-protein, and sustainable nature of the product.
- Sampling & Market Testing: Encouraging initial trials is key to changing perceptions.
 Tactics include:
 - o Introducing small-scale product trials, such as "discovery packs" containing a mix of insect-based snacks.
 - o Running limited-time promotions or loyalty rewards for repeat purchases (e.g., "Try 3 insect-based products, get a free sample of our newest flavor").
 - Partnering with food influencers and sustainability advocates to showcase insect-based food applications in everyday meals through social media campaigns and public events.





o Hosting educational tasting sessions in supermarkets or food expos to demystify insect-based foods and address consumer concerns in real time.

5. Implementation Strategies for Food Businesses & Educators

- Establish partnerships with insect producers for consistent raw material supply.
- Train R&D teams on insect ingredient functionality and formulation strategies.
- Conduct sensory evaluations to fine-tune product characteristics.

6. Measuring Impact and Adjusting Strategies

Assessment Framework:

- Sales Metrics: Track weekly sales of insect-based products compared to non-insect alternatives, aiming for an initial 5-10% of total sales. Adjust based on seasonality and promotions.
- Consumer Feedback: Use QR-code surveys or online feedback forms to gather input on taste, texture, and overall satisfaction—e.g., "How did you find the flavor and texture of our [product name]? Would you repurchase it?" Target at least 100 responses per quarter.
- Retailer & Distributor Insights: Collect data from sales partners on product movement, customer inquiries, and return rates to refine marketing and formulation.
- Social Media & Public Perception: Monitor online discussions, hashtags (e.g., #SustainableProtein, #InsectBasedFood), and influencer engagement to track organic consumer interest.

Refinement Strategies:

- If sales are low: Adjust positioning—move insect-based products to more prominent store sections, optimize packaging visuals, or introduce combo deals with popular items.
- If texture is a concern: Modify processing techniques (e.g., finer milling for cricket flour, hydrolysis for smoother protein blends) based on sensory feedback.
- If repeat purchases are low: Implement loyalty incentives—e.g., "Try 3 different insect-based products, get a free sample of our newest flavor."
- If public engagement is weak: Host consumer education events, tastings, or collaborations with eco-conscious brands to increase awareness.





By continuously monitoring and adapting strategies based on data-driven insights, manufacturers can enhance market adoption and drive long-term success in the insect-based food sector.

7. Conclusion and Key Takeaways

By leveraging insect-derived ingredients in familiar food formats, the industry can drive consumer adoption. Developing scalable, nutritionally optimized, and palatable products will facilitate mainstream acceptance.

Guideline 2: Formulating Insect-Based Ingredients for Processed Foods

Title: Strategic Menu Placement & Pricing Psychology

Introduction

The integration of insect-based ingredients into processed foods presents an opportunity for the food industry to develop sustainable, high-protein, and functionally superior products. However, successfully formulating these ingredients requires a deep understanding of their physicochemical properties, sensory impact, and industrial scalability. Insect-derived proteins, lipids, and fibers must be optimized for stability, solubility, and compatibility with existing food matrices to ensure consumer acceptability and regulatory compliance.

This guideline provides food technologists, R&D teams, and manufacturers with structured strategies to incorporate insect-based ingredients into processed foods effectively. It highlights functional ingredient applications, formulation adjustments, and best practices for creating palatable, stable, and nutritionally enhanced food products at an industrial scale.

Objectives

By following this guideline, food professionals will learn:

- How to optimize insect-derived proteins, lipids, and fibers for processed food applications.
- Techniques to improve solubility, emulsification, and texture in different food matrices.





- Effective ingredient pairing strategies to enhance taste, functionality, and consumer acceptance.
- Methods to ensure food safety, regulatory compliance, and industrial feasibility of insect-based ingredients.

2. Understanding the Key Issues

Successfully formulating insect-based ingredients for processed foods requires addressing a range of functional, sensory, regulatory, and processing challenges. Understanding these key issues is essential for ensuring the effective integration of insect proteins, lipids, and fibers into industrial food formulations.

Functional Properties:

- o Insect-derived proteins, such as cricket and mealworm protein, exhibit different solubility, water-holding, and emulsification properties compared to conventional plant or animal proteins. These differences must be considered when developing formulations for bakery products, beverages, and meat analogs.
- o The presence of chitin, a fibrous component in insect exoskeletons, may affect texture and digestibility, necessitating processing techniques such as de-chitinization or hydrolysis.
- o Insect oils, such as those from black soldier fly larvae, contain beneficial fatty acids but may require stabilization techniques (e.g., encapsulation) to prevent rancidity in processed foods.

• Sensory Optimization:

- o Insect-based ingredients often have umami-rich, nutty, or earthy flavors, which can enhance or conflict with certain food applications.
- o Some insect-derived proteins can develop bitter, metallic, or grassy notes, depending on processing methods. Proper roasting, fermentation, or blending with complementary flavors (e.g., chocolate, spices, nuts) can improve palatability.
- Texture is another key consideration. Insect powders may have a grainy consistency, while emulsified insect proteins can be used for smoother applications in dairy alternatives and sauces.

Regulatory Compliance:





- Different markets have varying regulations on insect-based ingredients. In the EU, edible insects must be approved under Novel Food Regulations, while in the US, compliance with FDA GRAS (Generally Recognized as Safe) standards is required.
- o Proper labeling and allergen declarations (e.g., cross-reactivity with crustaceans) must be followed to ensure transparency and consumer safety.
- Manufacturers should work closely with food safety authorities to meet microbiological safety and hygiene processing standards, ensuring traceability and quality control.

• Industrial Processing Challenges:

- Milling and Powdering: Insect-based protein powders must be finely milled to ensure smooth incorporation into processed food products like pasta, baked goods, and beverages.
- Hydrolysis & Fermentation: Enzymatic hydrolysis can enhance protein digestibility and solubility, while controlled fermentation may improve flavor complexity and gut-health benefits.
- o Extrusion & Texturization: To create insect-based meat analogs, proteins require extrusion processes similar to those used in plant-based meat substitutes, ensuring desirable fibrous structures and mouthfeel.
- Encapsulation: To increase the stability and usability of insect-derived lipids, microencapsulation techniques can be used to prevent oxidation and improve shelf life in food applications.

3. Step-by-Step Operational Guidelines

1. Protein Applications in Processed Foods:

- o Utilize cricket protein and mealworm protein in plant-based meat analogs and dairy alternatives to improve protein content and mouthfeel.
- o Apply enzymatic hydrolysis to insect proteins to improve solubility and digestibility in protein beverages and supplements.
- o Combine insect-derived proteins with legume-based proteins (e.g., soy, pea) to enhance amino acid profiles and improve texture.

2. Lipid Utilization Strategies:

o Extract and refine black soldier fly oil as a functional fat alternative for use in margarine, bakery products, and confectionery.





o Incorporate insect-based omega-3-rich oils in functional food formulations, such as nutritional bars and plant-based dairy products.

3. Fiber and Functional Ingredients:

- o Use chitin from insect exoskeletons as a prebiotic fiber source in functional beverages, baked goods, and high-fiber snacks.
- Develop insect-based emulsifiers for improved texture and shelf stability in processed food products.

4. Suggested Ingredient Pairings:

- o Cricket protein + soy/pea protein → Alternative meat formulations.
- o Mealworm protein hydrolysate + plant-based yogurts → Improved mouthfeel and protein enrichment.
- o **Insect-derived chitin + psyllium husk** → High-fiber functional foods.
- o Black soldier fly oil + coconut oil → Sustainable fat replacement in plant-based spreads.

4. Addressing Consumer Perceptions and Engagement

To shift consumer mindsets:

- Reframe Insects as Functional Ingredients: Position insect proteins, lipids, and fibers
 as high-value components in processed foods, focusing on their nutritional benefits
 rather than their origin.
- Scientific Validation: Use research-backed claims on packaging to enhance credibility and consumer trust, e.g., "Insect-derived chitin supports gut health."
- Retail and E-commerce Integration: Ensure insect-based products are positioned in health-conscious and high-protein food categories to target appropriate consumer segments.
- Culinary Versatility Demonstrations: Provide recipe suggestions and product usage tips to encourage consumer adoption in everyday meals.
- Engagement through Events & Media: Collaborate with influencers, nutritionists, and sustainability advocates to showcase insect-based food innovations.

5. Implementation Strategies for Food Businesses & Educators





- Develop Standardized Insect-Based Ingredient Specifications: Ensure consistency by defining precise quality parameters for insect-derived proteins, lipids, and fibers. Establish specifications for moisture content, protein concentration, particle size (for powders), and functional properties (e.g., solubility, emulsification, and water-holding capacity). These specifications should align with existing food industry standards to facilitate seamless integration into conventional food production.
- Conduct Stability Testing to Determine Shelf-Life and Storage Conditions: Evaluate the
 oxidative stability of insect-based lipids, microbial safety of protein powders, and the
 effect of environmental conditions (e.g., humidity, temperature) on product quality.
 Conduct accelerated shelf-life studies to assess rancidity, nutrient degradation, and
 sensory changes over time, ensuring optimal packaging and storage conditions for
 commercial distribution.
- Collaborate with Regulatory Bodies to Ensure Compliance with Market-Specific Food Laws: Navigate the regulatory landscape by engaging with food safety authorities such as EFSA (European Food Safety Authority) and FDA (Food and Drug Administration). Ensure compliance with local and international regulations regarding novel foods, allergen labeling, and microbiological safety standards. Develop clear documentation on sourcing, processing, and testing protocols to streamline approval processes.
- Optimize Processing Techniques Such as Encapsulation or Texturization to Improve Sensory Characteristics:
 - o Encapsulation: Improve the stability and palatability of insect-derived oils by microencapsulation techniques, protecting them from oxidation and enhancing their usability in food formulations.
 - Texturization: Modify the structure of insect proteins through extrusion or enzymatic treatment to create fibrous textures suitable for plant-based meat alternatives.
 - Blending and Functionalization: Combine insect proteins with hydrocolloids, starches, or plant-based proteins to enhance mouthfeel, water retention, and overall sensory appeal in processed foods.
- Work with Retailers and Foodservice Providers to Create Market-Entry Strategies:
 Develop pilot products to introduce insect-based foods into supermarkets, health
 food stores, and quick-service restaurants. Leverage consumer insights to determine
 optimal pricing, branding, and positioning strategies. Offer educational training for
 retailers and foodservice professionals to improve customer engagement and product
 confidence.

6. Measuring Impact and Adjusting Strategies

Assessment Framework:





- Sales Metrics: Monitor demand for insect-based processed foods across different market segments, tracking initial penetration and category growth.
- Consumer Feedback: Conduct taste panels, sensory evaluations, and online surveys to gather consumer insights on texture, taste, and overall acceptance.
- Retail & Distributor Insights: Analyze data from sales channels to determine product performance, return rates, and areas for improvement.
- Market Trends & Social Media: Track discussions, hashtags (e.g., #SustainableProtein, #FutureFood), and consumer sentiment in online spaces.

Refinement Strategies:

- **If product uptake is slow:** Adjust product messaging, positioning, or introduce introductory sampling initiatives.
- If texture is a concern: Modify processing techniques, such as hydrolysis or extrusion, to improve palatability.
- If repeat purchases are low: Implement promotional strategies, including bundling with familiar products or offering loyalty rewards.
- If market engagement is weak: Partner with food influencers, nutritionists, or sustainability advocates to boost visibility and credibility.

7. Conclusion and Key Takeaways

Successfully integrating insect-based ingredients into processed foods requires an evidence-based approach to formulation, processing, and market engagement. By optimizing sensory characteristics, ensuring regulatory compliance, and using strategic ingredient pairings, manufacturers can develop innovative, sustainable, and nutritionally superior food products that align with consumer expectations and industry standards.

Theme 5: Synergies between restaurants and insect producers, promoting corporate social responsibility

Guideline 1: Establishing Strategic Partnerships Between Restaurants and Insect Producers for Sustainable Sourcing

1. Introduction





Overview:

Insect-based ingredients present a compelling solution to food system challenges due to their low environmental footprint, high feed conversion efficiency, and rich nutritional profile. Strategic partnerships between restaurants and insect producers are essential for fostering resilient, innovative, and eco-friendly supply chains. This guideline offers a practical roadmap for chefs, restaurant managers, and food entrepreneurs to build and sustain effective partnerships with insect producers.

Challenges and Opportunities:

- Diverse regulatory environments across the EU.
- Limited consumer familiarity with insect-based foods.
- Growing number of certified insect producers seeking culinary partnerships.

Objectives:

- Assist restaurants in sourcing from credible insect suppliers.
- Foster co-development of insect-based culinary products.
- Support integration of sustainability and traceability practices.

2. Understanding the Key Issues

Understanding consumer and operational challenges is crucial before engaging in partnerships. Despite increasing awareness of sustainable practices, insect-based products face cultural resistance, regulatory hurdles, and logistical limitations. Addressing these areas ensures smoother integration of insects into the food business.

Consumer Perception Barriers:

- Food Neophobia: The reluctance to try unfamiliar foods remains a major obstacle.
- Cultural Associations: Insects are often associated with filth or poverty in Western societies.
- Misunderstanding of Benefits: Consumers are often unaware of insects' nutritional density and ecological benefits.

Operational and Regulatory Barriers:

- Fragmented legal frameworks around novel foods in Europe.
- Limited access to a standardized, safe, and scalable insect product supply chain.
- Logistical complications, particularly with temperature-sensitive products.

Scientific and Policy Foundations:

- The FAO (2021) highlights insects' value as nutrient-rich and environmentally sustainable.
- EFSA (2022) confirms safety of several insect species including Acheta domesticus and Tenebrio molitor.





 Regulation (EU) 2015/2283 supports the market entry of novel foods, including edible insects.

3. Step-by-Step Operational Guidelines

To develop strong partnerships between restaurants and insect producers, a structured approach is needed. The following step-by-step process helps ensure alignment in terms of product quality, innovation, logistics, and mutual benefits.

Step 1: Identify Reliable and Compliant Insect Producers

- Use databases from national food safety authorities or EU-funded platforms like EIP-AGRI.
- Verify food safety certification: prioritize HACCP, ISO 22000, or GFSI-recognized schemes.
- Ensure compliance with the EU Novel Foods Regulation.

Step 2: Assess the Producer's Capabilities and Product Range

- Review consistency, product format (whole, flour, paste), shelf life, and cold chain logistics.
- Consider traceability systems and batch testing results for microbiological safety.

Step 3: Initiate Co-Development Collaborations

- Partner on pilot product development (e.g., energy bars, sauces, bakery products).
- Explore co-branding strategies and cross-promotion campaigns.
- Sign a collaboration agreement outlining R&D contributions, IP ownership, and joint marketing terms.

Step 4: Design Logistics, Storage, and Inventory Plans

- Define terms for frozen vs. dried insect delivery.
- Set clear packaging and labeling standards.
- Establish standard delivery schedules and back-up supply plans.

Step 5: Create a Feedback and Monitoring System

- Develop joint KPIs: sustainability metrics (CO₂ reduction), product acceptance, return rate.
- Schedule quarterly review meetings to evaluate partnership progress.
- Use shared digital platforms for real-time communication and quality control.

Example: Entomo Farms' collaboration with Canadian restaurants led to innovative cobranded cricket-based snacks, increasing consumer awareness and normalizing insect consumption in urban centers.

4. Addressing Consumer Perceptions and Engagement





Bringing insect-based dishes to the public requires thoughtful communication. To overcome resistance, restaurants and food businesses must craft narratives that appeal to values like health, innovation, and environmental responsibility. It's also important to create enjoyable first encounters with insect foods.

Actionable Communication Strategies:

- Host live tastings or pop-up insect-themed nights.
- Add QR codes on menus linking to environmental and nutritional information.
- Highlight the origin and ethical sourcing of the insects.
- Introduce insects subtly (e.g., cricket flour pasta, mealworm burger) before offering whole insect dishes.

Proven Approaches:

- Frame dishes using health and sustainability narratives.
- Use attractive visuals and chef testimonials to normalize usage.
- Normalize small, repeat exposures—sampling, menu integration, and social media promotion.

5. Implementation Strategies for Food Businesses and Training Providers

Wider acceptance of insect-based foods depends on consistent training and practice. Restaurants, culinary schools, and training centers play a pivotal role in shaping both industry standards and public attitudes.

For Chefs and Restaurateurs:

- Develop weekly or monthly themed dishes featuring insects.
- Include insect options in tasting menus or children's menus to promote early acceptance.
- Provide kitchen staff with brief training on handling and cooking with insect ingredients.

For Culinary Schools and Training Centers:

- Develop curriculum modules on edible insects, addressing sourcing, preparation, and regulatory requirements.
- Offer micro-credentials or certificates for sustainable protein use.
- Encourage participation in innovation challenges or student-run pop-up events.

6. Measuring Impact and Adapting Approaches

Measuring results helps validate the effectiveness of insect partnerships and identify opportunities for improvement. This data-driven approach also provides stakeholders with insights into consumer behavior and operational success.

Suggested Tools and Metrics:





- Customer satisfaction surveys and taste test feedback forms.
- Insect product sales as % of total alternative protein offerings.
- Reduction in meat-based dish orders.
- Supplier scorecards assessing delivery, hygiene, and consistency.

How to Adjust Based on Findings:

- Update menu design and naming based on customer feedback.
- Introduce new insect species or formats based on supplier developments.
- Align communication with seasonal themes (e.g., Earth Day campaigns).

7. Conclusion and Key Takeaways

Partnerships between chefs and insect producers offer a unique opportunity to lead the way in sustainable gastronomy. These collaborations can reduce ecological impacts, introduce high-quality ingredients to modern menus, and shift public perceptions around sustainable food practices.

Practical Next Steps:

- Reach out to certified insect producers listed in EU food innovation directories.
- Begin with one pilot product in your menu and monitor its reception.
- Communicate openly with your customers, staff, and suppliers to build a community of innovation.

GUIDELINE 2: Integrating Insect-Based Ingredients into Corporate Social Responsibility Strategies

1. Introduction

Incorporating insect-based ingredients into Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) strategies allows companies to address environmental sustainability, food innovation, and global nutrition challenges. CSR refers to a company's commitment to operate ethically and sustainably, taking responsibility for its social, environmental, and economic impacts. This guideline supports food manufacturers, retailers, caterers, and corporations in embedding insect consumption into their CSR agendas as a pathway to reduce environmental impact, promote sustainable sourcing, and foster public engagement.

Challenges and Opportunities:

 Lack of awareness around how insect-based foods align with ESG (Environmental, Social, Governance) goals.







- Risk of consumer backlash or greenwashing perceptions if not communicated transparently.
- Emerging opportunities to lead in food innovation and sustainability leadership.

Objectives:

- Offer a framework for including insect-based products in CSR and ESG strategies.
- Support transparent communication and impact measurement.
- Encourage partnerships with sustainable insect suppliers and social enterprises.

2. Understanding the Key Issues

Before introducing insect-based products as part of a corporate responsibility strategy, companies must understand both the opportunities and the challenges. This section explains why insects are gaining attention in sustainability discussions—and highlights the main barriers that companies face, from public perception to regulation and ethics.





Why Edible Insects Matter for Sustainability

Edible insects are considered a sustainable alternative to traditional animal protein. Compared to livestock, they require significantly less water, land, and feed, and produce far fewer greenhouse gas emissions. Incorporating insect-based products can help organizations reduce their environmental impact while supporting key global targets like the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

Key points:

- Insects produce fewer greenhouse gases and use less land and water than cattle or poultry (FAO, 2021).
- Their production can help address food security and climate concerns.
- They support corporate efforts to meet SDG targets, especially:

0	SDG	2:	Zero	Hunger
0	SDG 12: Responsible Consumption and Production			
0	SDG	13:	Climate	Action

Why Companies Are Hesitant

Despite these clear benefits, many companies are reluctant to include insects in their sustainability or CSR strategies. The main concern is consumer acceptance—people may react negatively due to cultural norms or a lack of familiarity. Additionally, companies worry that insects might not align with their current brand image or customer expectations.

Key points:

- Public hesitation and cultural taboos around eating insects can impact brand perception.
- Lack of success stories makes it harder for companies to assess risk.
- Some businesses fear potential backlash from consumers, media, or stakeholders.

Regulatory and Ethical Challenges

Introducing insect-based products also raises regulatory and ethical questions. Food laws regarding edible insects vary across countries, which means companies must ensure they work with trusted suppliers and follow strict safety standards. Ethically, it's important to avoid promoting insects in ways that feel disrespectful, exploitative, or culturally inappropriate.

Key points:

- Companies must source insect products that meet food safety, hygiene, and labor standards.
- Messaging should avoid exoticizing or tokenizing insects and instead focus on their sustainability benefits.





Inclusive and respectful communication is essential for building public trust.

3. Step-by-Step Operational Guidelines

Moving from theory to action, this section provides a practical framework for organizations aiming to responsibly incorporate insect-based products into their CSR or ESG strategies. Each step is designed to minimize reputational risk while maximizing social and environmental impact.

Step 1: Align Insect Use with Broader CSR/ESG Goals

- Map out environmental, social, and innovation goals where insect products could have impact.
- Consult sustainability officers and procurement teams to identify relevant application areas (e.g., events, cafeterias, product lines).

Step 2: Partner with Certified Insect Suppliers

- Choose suppliers with verified sustainability credentials and social impact programs.
- Consider social enterprises that promote food equity, youth employment, or circular economy practices.

Step 3: Pilot Low-Risk Integration Points

- Introduce insect-based snacks in internal events, employee wellness programs, or branded sustainability campaigns.
- Consider co-branding limited-edition sustainable products (e.g., energy bars, protein crackers).

Step 4: Communicate with Transparency and Engagement

- Frame messaging around environmental impact and innovation, not novelty.
- Involve employees, consumers, and community partners in product testing or sustainability education.
- Use credible certifications and data-backed claims to avoid greenwashing concerns.

Step 5: Measure and Report Impact

- Include insect product initiatives in annual sustainability reports.
- Track CO₂ savings, food waste reductions, employee engagement, or public awareness





Example: A Dutch retailer launched a CSR campaign offering cricket flour energy bites in staff cafeterias and public pop-up stands. This initiative was tied to their climate neutrality roadmap and featured in their annual ESG report.

4. Supporting Public Engagement and Trust

Gaining public trust is key to successfully introducing insect-based foods. To normalize this sustainable alternative, companies should engage both employees and the broader public in meaningful and inclusive ways. This helps demystify insect consumption, build familiarity, and position the company as a forward-thinking leader in food system innovation.

Engaging Employees

Employees play a critical role in shaping company culture and influencing public perception. Involving them early can foster curiosity, openness, and advocacy for insect-based initiatives.

Ideas to try:

- Organize tasting events, lunch-and-learns, or sustainability workshops.
- Offer "climate hero" rewards or recognition for employees who try insect-based products.
- Include insect-related content in internal newsletters or wellness programs.

Connecting with the Public

Public campaigns can raise awareness and create a sense of shared responsibility around sustainable eating. Activities should be inclusive, educational, and fun—while avoiding sensationalism.

Approaches include:

- Host awareness days, pop-up booths, or online challenges promoting sustainable diets.
- Collaborate with schools, universities, or NGOs to introduce insects in educational or community settings.
- Use storytelling to highlight cultural traditions and global perspectives on edible insects.

Branding and Communication

How a company communicates about insect-based products directly affects public trust. Insects should be positioned not as a novelty, but as a serious, science-backed solution to global food and climate challenges.

Best practices:





- Emphasize innovation, sustainability, and responsibility in messaging—not shock value.
- Show how insect use aligns with climate action, food security, and local initiatives.
- Communicate with clarity, consistency, and cultural sensitivity to build credibility.

5. Implementation Strategies for Stakeholders

Each department plays a distinct role in successful implementation. This section offers tailored recommendations for key teams, ensuring that the integration of insect-based practices becomes a cross-functional effort, not a siloed experiment.

For CSR and Sustainability Teams:

- Include edible insect use in carbon footprint reduction plans.
- Develop internal toolkits on insect sourcing, communications, and KPIs.

For Procurement and Food Service Managers:

- Integrate certified insect products into sourcing criteria.
- Collaborate with HR to include insects in health and wellness programs.

For Marketing and Comms Teams:

- Share transparent stories of sourcing and impact.
- Avoid "shock value" campaigns—focus on education and normalization.

6. Measuring Impact and Adjusting Approaches

Ongoing evaluation helps ensure that insect-based CSR initiatives remain relevant and effective. This section outlines key performance indicators and offers strategies for refining approaches based on results and feedback.

Key Indicators:

- Reduction in carbon emissions and land/water use through protein substitution.
- Participation rates in employee or public awareness programs.
- Social impact metrics from supplier partnerships.

Adjustment Strategies:

- Collect feedback and adapt messaging based on stakeholder response.
- Scale successful pilots into permanent offerings.
- Use third-party verification to improve credibility.

7. Conclusion and Key Takeaways





Integrating insect-based ingredients into CSR strategies is a bold yet practical move toward more ethical, sustainable food systems. With thoughtful planning and open communication, companies can lead the way in sustainable innovation while supporting environmental goals and community engagement.

Call to Action:

Corporations are encouraged to initiate pilot programs, collaborate with ethical insect producers, and showcase their commitment to food system transformation through meaningful CSR initiatives.

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Theme 6: Ensuring trust perceptions and fighting misinformation about insects

Guideline 1: Building Consumer Confidence by Ensuring Transparency and Credibility in Insect-Based Foods

1. Introduction

As global food systems evolve to meet environmental and nutritional challenges, insect-based foods have emerged as a promising solution for sustainable protein. However, their adoption in mainstream diets is still hindered by significant psychological, cultural, and informational barriers. Consumers are often wary due to unfamiliarity, perceived health and safety concerns, and a general lack of trust in the novelty of insect consumption.

To foster widespread acceptance of insect-based foods, it is critical to build a foundation of transparency and credibility. Food producers, restaurateurs, and retailers must clearly communicate how these foods are sourced, processed, regulated, and integrated into dishes. A transparent approach helps demystify the product and reduce anxiety, while credible practices and partnerships can reinforce consumer confidence.

This guideline is designed to support professionals in the food sector and education in developing effective practices to build trust. By integrating ethical marketing, open communication, traceability, and credible partnerships, the insect food industry can establish long-term consumer confidence and facilitate meaningful behavioral change.

Objectives

This guideline aims to:

- Highlight the importance of transparency in production, processing, and communication related to insect-based food products.
- Define practical strategies for enhancing credibility among consumers, food industry stakeholders, and educators.
- Promote traceability and regulatory clarity to address safety and quality concerns.
- Support the development of communication practices that increase consumer understanding, familiarity, and trust.
- Provide actionable insights for food businesses, educators, and communicators to foster a responsible and trusted food environment around edible insects.

2. Understanding the Key Issues

Building consumer confidence in insect-based foods requires a clear understanding of the psychological, cultural, regulatory, and communication challenges that shape consumer behavior. These issues must be addressed holistically to create an environment where insects are viewed as both safe and desirable food options.





Psychological and Cultural Barriers

One of the most persistent barriers to the acceptance of insect-based foods is the "yuck factor," a psychological reaction rooted in cultural norms, food neophobia, and emotional responses. In many Western societies, insects are traditionally associated with dirt or danger, making their integration into cuisine an unfamiliar and uncomfortable proposition.

Information Gaps and Misinformation

In addition to psychological barriers, misinformation and lack of accessible knowledge severely limit the adoption of insect-based foods. Common myths — such as insects being dirty, unsafe, or not properly regulated — persist due to limited public education and media bias.

Combating misinformation with accessible, science-based content is essential to shifting perceptions and fostering acceptance.

• Transparency and Traceability Challenges

Trust is reinforced when consumers feel informed and in control. However, the insect industry still faces challenges in conveying transparency and traceability, which are central to food safety and ethical consumption.

Addressing concerns such as unclear product origins, lack of standardised labelling, absence of recognised certifications through honest labelling, certification systems and storytelling can significantly improve credibility.

Regulatory Complexity

The legal status of edible insects varies across countries and regions, complicating both market entry and consumer understanding. In the EU, insects have been classified as "novel foods," requiring rigorous approval and safety evaluation. While this ensures quality, it also creates complexity in communication.

3. Step-by-Step Operational Guidelines

To foster consumer trust in insect-based foods, food producers, businesses, and educators must adopt systematic, transparent, and credible approaches.

Step 1: Ensure Product Transparency and Traceability

Build consumer confidence by providing clear, honest, and detailed information about the origin, composition, and safety of insect-based products.

Actions:

• Implement full supply chain traceability systems for insect farming, harvesting, and processing.





- Display sourcing information (e.g., farm origin, species, production methods) clearly on packaging and marketing materials.
- Utilize QR codes or digital platforms to allow consumers to access videos or data on how insects are raised and processed.

Step 2: Use Clear and Honest Labeling

Reduce uncertainty and enhance credibility by providing consistent and consumer-friendly product labels.

Actions:

- List all insect ingredients clearly using both common and scientific names (e.g., "Cricket powder – Acheta domesticus").
- Include nutritional breakdowns and allergy information where applicable.
- Use transparent language to highlight health and sustainability benefits without exaggeration.
- Avoid misleading claims like "miracle protein" or "zero footprint" unless scientifically supported.

Step 3: Provide Independent Certifications and Endorsements

Strengthen perceived product reliability and safety through third-party validation.

Actions:

- Collaborate with recognized food safety agencies, sustainability labels, or nutritional research institutions to gain relevant certifications (e.g., ISO, HACCP, or EU Novel Food approval).
- Highlight certifications prominently on packaging and promotional materials.
- Promote partnerships with trusted NGOs or food policy organizations.

Step 4: Build a Transparent Brand Narrative

Shape the emotional perception of the product through storytelling and brand positioning grounded in honesty and transparency.

Actions:

- Share the founder's journey or company mission (e.g., "Why we believe insects are the future of sustainable eating").
- Feature testimonials from real consumers and chefs who support insect-based foods.
- Use social media to show behind-the-scenes operations, daily farming activities, and quality control measures.





Step 5: Encourage Public Feedback and Engagement

Build a two-way relationship with consumers, reinforcing credibility through responsiveness and openness.

Actions:

- Include customer feedback channels via website, social media, and packaging (e.g., "Tell us what you think!").
- Respond to concerns or criticism respectfully and informatively.
- Use insights to improve product offerings, communication, and transparency practices.

4. Addressing Consumer Perceptions and Engagement

Changing consumer attitudes toward insect-based foods requires a thoughtful and strategic communication approach that prioritizes transparency, education, and emotional connection. One of the most effective ways for restaurants, food providers, and educators to reduce resistance is to demystify edible insects through clear, accessible information. Presenting the nutritional and environmental benefits in familiar, relatable language can shift the focus from fear or disgust to curiosity and potential value. Instead of emphasizing the novelty or exoticism of insects, framing them as a natural, sustainable alternative to traditional protein sources can help normalize their presence on menus and in learning environments.

Building trust also depends on how insect-based foods are visually and verbally presented. Using positive imagery, appealing food photography, and storytelling techniques helps reframe insects as part of a responsible culinary future rather than a fringe idea. Restaurants and food service operators can create tasting experiences that allow guests to try insect ingredients in small, well-integrated ways, such as insect flour in bread or pasta, which reduces the visual barrier. Educators can incorporate insects into broader discussions on sustainability and food systems, allowing students to understand the context behind the practice and engage in critical conversations rather than simply reacting based on preconceived notions.

Interactive engagement and social proof further support attitude shifts. Featuring endorsements from respected chefs, sustainability experts, or nutritionists lends credibility, while sharing customer testimonials and user-generated content fosters peer influence. Hosting workshops, demonstrations, or themed events also gives consumers an opportunity to ask questions and gain firsthand experience, which can dismantle resistance through exposure. By combining emotional appeal, credible information, and inclusive experiences, food professionals and educators can effectively reshape public perception and increase acceptance of insect-based foods.





5. Implementation Strategies for Food Businesses & Educators

To ensure transparency and foster credibility in insect-based foods, chefs, restaurateurs, and educators can follow these structured steps and best practices:

- Educate
 Your
 Team
 Internally:
 Begin by training kitchen and service staff about the benefits, sourcing, and safety of
 insect-based ingredients. Ensure everyone can communicate confidently and
 consistently with customers, reinforcing a shared message of transparency.
- Start with Familiar Formats: Introduce insect-based foods through well-known dishes, such as pasta made with insect flour, protein bars, or fusion snacks. Familiar textures and formats make new ingredients more approachable.
- Use Transparent Sourcing: Clearly display information about where insect ingredients come from, how they are processed, and their nutritional profile. Include this on menus, packaging, or promotional materials.
- Leverage Digital Tools: Incorporate QR codes on menus or table cards that link to videos, infographics, or trusted third-party sources explaining the sustainability and safety of insect-based foods.
- Engage Through Interactive Events:
 Host tasting sessions, workshops, or chef-led demos where consumers can sample
 insect-based foods and ask questions. These experiences reduce fear and build
 familiarity.
- Create Feedback Loops: Collect and evaluate customer or student feedback regularly. Use it to make adjustments to communication, product design, and educational approaches.
- Highlight Compliance and Safety Standards:
 Emphasize adherence to EU food safety laws and labeling regulations, including EFSA approvals. This demonstrates professional accountability and builds confidence.

6. Measuring Impact and Adjusting Strategies

To evaluate the effectiveness of efforts in enhancing transparency and building consumer trust in insect-based foods, food businesses and educators may consider implementing a practical assessment framework. This framework can include tools such as customer satisfaction surveys, comment cards, online review monitoring, and post-event feedback. Social media engagement analytics and sales tracking of insect-based products can also provide valuable indicators of success.





Based on the insights collected, adjustments can be made to communication techniques, product presentation, or staff training. For instance, if participants indicate a lack of understanding about the ingredients, additional informational materials or visual aids may be introduced. When specific products do not perform well in terms of sales or acceptance, alternative formats or recipe modifications could be explored to better align with consumer preferences.

It should be noted that challenges may arise, such as limited feedback from consumers or ongoing skepticism. These may be addressed by encouraging participation through small incentives or by highlighting endorsements from reputable organizations. Regular evaluation and gradual refinement may support the long-term acceptance of insect-based foods and ensure continuous alignment with consumer expectations.

7. Conclusion and Key Takeaways

Conclusion

Consumer trust is the cornerstone of any successful food innovation, especially when the product challenges long-standing cultural norms, such as insect-based foods. As outlined, building and maintaining trust requires a multifaceted, sustained effort focused on transparency, credibility, and proactive engagement.

Businesses and educators must move beyond simply offering insect-based products—they must become storytellers, educators, and transparent communicators. By integrating traceable sourcing, clear labeling, credible endorsements, and responsive communication into every aspect of their strategy, stakeholders can reshape perceptions, reduce skepticism, and encourage curiosity and acceptance.

As public awareness of sustainability grows and new generations of consumers demand ethical and environmentally responsible choices, the insect-based food sector has a unique opportunity to lead with purpose. However, this leadership is only credible if it is rooted in honesty, openness, and genuine efforts to inform and engage.

Key Takeaways

- 1. Transparency Builds Confidence:Transparent sourcing, production explanations, and clean labeling are essential.
- 2. Credibility Requires External Validation:Collaboration with independent scientific bodies, participation in food safety certifications, and partnerships with trusted chefs, influencers, or institutions can significantly boost credibility.
- 3. Effective Communication Combats Misinformation Clear, consistent messaging delivered through accessible platforms is crucial to counter myths and misconceptions. Educational storytelling, especially when linked to sustainability goals, resonates strongly with consumers.





- 4. Trust Is an Ongoing Process: Building trust requires regular measurement of consumer perceptions, feedback collection, and strategic adjustments based on data insights and market changes.
- 5. Small Efforts Make Big Differences: Whether it's a QR code linking to an ingredient origin video or a friendly server trained to answer questions confidently, even small steps can shift perceptions and build trust over time.

Guideline 2: Debunking Myths About Edible Insects Through Strategic Communication

1. Introduction

Despite rising interest in alternative proteins, edible insects still face strong consumer resistance driven by myths, misconceptions, and cultural taboos. Misinformation about hygiene, safety, ethics, and taste reinforces skepticism and hinders growth in the insect-based food sector.

To integrate insects into mainstream diets, ensuring product quality is essential—but not enough. It is equally important to counter misinformation through strategic communication that clarifies facts, normalizes consumption, and presents insects as a sustainable, acceptable food source.

This guideline equips food businesses, educators, and stakeholders with tools to address misinformation effectively. It offers a step-by-step approach to identifying myths, crafting tailored messages, selecting communication channels, and assessing impact. Clear, proactive communication empowers consumers with accurate knowledge and encourages informed, open-minded choices.

Objectives

This guideline aims to:

- Identify key myths that block consumer acceptance
- Provide accessible, science-based information to ease concerns
- Support strategic, persuasive, audience-specific messaging
- Build trust through transparency, storytelling, and engagement
- Equip professionals with practical communication tools and channels
- Improve communication outcomes through evaluation and feedback





2. Understanding the Key Issues

Successfully debunking myths about edible insects requires a deep understanding of the underlying psychological, cultural, and informational barriers that shape consumer attitudes. These challenges are often rooted not in the objective qualities of insect-based foods, but in subjective perceptions, emotional responses, and societal narratives. Several persistent myths continue to influence public opinion and inhibit consumer acceptance:

- Insects are dirty and unsafe to eat.
 Many associate insects with filth and disease, believing them to be unhygienic or unsanitary. In reality, edible insects raised in controlled environments meet strict safety and hygiene standards.
- Eating insects is only for poor or "primitive" societies.
 This culturally biased perception ignores the fact that over 2 billion people globally consume insects as part of their traditional diets. In many regions, insects are considered delicacies.
- Insect farming is unethical. Some consumers, especially from ethical or vegan communities, believe insect farming is exploitative. However, insect welfare science is evolving, and evidence shows that farming insects is less invasive and resource-intensive than traditional livestock.
- Insects are not nutritious.
 There is a widespread lack of awareness about the nutritional richness of insects.
 Insects are often high in protein, omega-3 fatty acids, vitamins, and minerals.
- Insect-based food is just a fad. Many dismiss insect protein as a temporary trend, not recognizing the serious role it can play in global food security and sustainability.
- Lack of Accessible Educational Content: Reliable information about insect farming practices, safety regulations, and nutritional value is often scattered or inaccessible to the general public.
- Prevalence of Unverified Content: Social media and online platforms sometimes spread unverified or exaggerated content, including claims that insect products are unsafe, poorly regulated, or environmentally harmful.
- Limited Representation in Mainstream Media: Positive and informed portrayals of insect-based foods are still rare in mainstream culinary or health media, reducing opportunities for perception change.





3. Step-by-Step Operational Guidelines

Step 1: Audit Misinformation

Begin by identifying the myths and misconceptions surrounding edible insects in your market. Monitor social media, reviews, blogs, and news for recurring misinformation. Use surveys or focus groups to explore consumer fears and trusted sources. Categorize findings into key themes like hygiene, ethics, nutrition, and taste. A SWOT analysis may help map how these myths affect trust and behavior.

Step 2: Craft Evidence-Based Messaging

Develop core messages grounded in credible data from experts like entomologists and food scientists. Translate facts into simple, benefit-driven messages, such as "Insects are produced under strict EU safety standards." Align communication with policies like the Farm to Fork Strategy to enhance credibility. Keep the tone positive, clear, and focused on value.

Step 3: Humanize with Storytelling

Make information relatable by sharing real stories—farmers, chefs, or early adopters. Use visuals like infographics or short videos to build emotional connections. Compare insects to once-unfamiliar foods that gained popularity, such as sushi or seaweed, to normalize the idea.

Step 4: Frame Insects as Desirable and Familiar

Use appealing visuals of insect-based products (e.g., protein bars) rather than whole bugs. Emphasize quality and cleanliness through behind-the-scenes farm images or lab testing. Choose language that positions insects as "natural protein innovation" instead of just "bugs."

Step 5: Use Trusted Voices

Boost credibility by partnering with chefs, nutritionists, bloggers, or environmental influencers. Reference endorsements from respected institutions like EFSA or FAO. Encourage customer testimonials and user-generated content for added social proof.

Step 6: Create Interactive Education

Let consumers engage directly through tastings, school demos, or supermarket events. Offer digital learning via quizzes, videos, or interactive content. Add QR codes on packaging linking to origin stories or preparation tips. Consider social media campaigns to reach younger audiences.

Step 7: Monitor and Improve

Track engagement through analytics, feedback, and social media trends. Update messages as consumer attitudes shift or new concerns arise. Maintain a feedback loop with partners and audiences to keep strategies relevant and effective.

4. Addressing Consumer Perceptions and Engagement

Changing attitudes toward edible insects requires more than facts—it demands empathy and cultural awareness. Many associate insects with disgust, dirt, or danger, shaped by early





experiences and reinforced by norms. Food neophobia, ethical concerns, and mistrust of new food trends further add to resistance. To overcome this, communication should be clear, relatable, and aligned with familiar values like health, sustainability, and local sourcing.

Rather than relying on technical explanations, it's more effective to compare insects to onceunfamiliar foods like sushi or kombucha. Messages should acknowledge consumer concerns and invite curiosity rather than push conversion. Offering transparent, engaging experiences—such as behind-the-scenes content or tasting events—helps reduce fear and increase acceptance. Processed formats like bars or powders can ease consumers into trying insect-based foods.

Digital tools also play a vital role. Myth-busting videos, interactive quizzes, or QR codes linking to product origins and safety info can enhance understanding. Personal stories and usergenerated content create social proof, especially among younger audiences. Tailoring engagement—health-focused for fitness enthusiasts, sustainability for eco-conscious consumers, and expert endorsements for skeptics—ensures messages resonate across diverse groups.

5. Implementation Strategies for Food Businesses & Educators

To build trust in insect-based foods, food businesses should prioritize transparency—clearly communicating sourcing, safety, and processing methods. Partnering with certified suppliers, displaying safety credentials, and offering traceability can reassure customers. Packaging and menus should use inviting language and include origin stories or QR codes linking to additional content.

Educators can normalize insect consumption by embedding it into lessons on sustainability, food systems, and biology. Practical experiences such as tastings, cooking workshops, or collaborative projects with producers can demystify insect foods. At the university level, student-led initiatives and research can generate fresh perspectives and create authentic public outreach.

Partnerships between businesses and educational institutions can amplify efforts through events, pop-ups, and community engagement. Public tastings, school visits to insect farms, or talks by experts can bring the topic into everyday conversation. Ongoing dialogue, flexibility in response to feedback, and consistent messaging across platforms are key to sustaining trust and shifting perception over time.

6. Measuring Impact and Adjusting Strategies

To gauge the effectiveness of strategies, stakeholders should define clear KPIs such as attitude shifts from surveys, repeat purchases, event participation, and media sentiment. Establishing a baseline before interventions helps track progress.

Feedback—both digital and in-person—can reveal what messages work and which cause confusion. Website analytics, social media data, and QR code interactions offer insights into





engagement levels. If concerns persist, strategies may need reworking—for example, using emotional storytelling or trusted voices over data alone.

Regular evaluation through surveys, quizzes, or customer comments allows refinement. Pilot smaller campaigns to test approaches before scaling up. Embedding measurement into all phases of strategy ensures efforts remain effective, relevant, and trusted. Transparent reporting of results also reinforces public confidence.

7. Conclusion and Key Takeaways

Effectively debunking myths about edible insects through strategic communication is a multifaceted process that requires consistent, transparent, and culturally sensitive engagement. As the edible insect sector evolves, addressing misinformation is essential for building consumer trust and ensuring the successful integration of insect-based foods into mainstream diets. By applying targeted communication strategies grounded in evidence, empathy, and innovation, stakeholders can overcome barriers and reshape public understanding.

Key Takeaways:

- Trust is built through transparency: Clear, honest communication about insect sourcing, safety, and benefits helps reduce skepticism and build long-term consumer confidence.
- Strategic communication must be tailored: Different consumer groups require varied approaches—emotional narratives, scientific evidence, and visual cues should be used according to audience needs.
- Misinformation thrives in knowledge gaps: Proactively providing accessible, science-based content reduces the space for myths and false claims to take root.
- Social proof matters: Involving trusted figures such as chefs, scientists, or early adopters in messaging increases credibility and influence.
- Engagement must be continuous: Ongoing interaction through events, campaigns, or educational materials sustains momentum and normalizes insect consumption over time.
- Measurement ensures impact: Regularly assessing and adjusting communication efforts based on feedback and data ensures that strategies remain relevant, effective, and responsive to evolving concerns.
- Collaboration is key: Successful myth-busting requires partnerships across sectors food businesses, educators, policymakers, and communicators working together toward shared goals.





Theme 7: Guidelines to increase insect food literacy in customers

Guideline 1: Providing Edible Insect Ingredient Insights in Your Menu Using QR Technology

In recent years, edible insect-based ingredients have moved from novelty status into the spotlight of sustainable gastronomy. Their environmental benefits, high nutritional value and growing acceptance within European food regulations make them a strong candidate for the future of food. However, customers' unfamiliarity remains one of the main challenges to normalizing their presence in everyday dining experiences.

This guideline focuses on one highly practical and cost-effective tool: QR technology. By linking QR codes to informative, friendly and visually engaging content about insect ingredients, restaurants and educators can improve food literacy, reduce fear and uncertainty and create a richer and more participative dining experience.

Why This Guideline Matters

Despite recent efforts to promote edible insects, many customers still lack a basic understanding of what they are eating. This lack of information can result in rejection, hesitation or even negative word-of-mouth. Providing simple and credible information through a digital format ensures customers remain curious, informed and engaged.

Key Objectives

This guideline will help you:

- Identify the most important facts customers want to know about insect-based ingredients.
- Learn how to design and structure those facts into short digital pages.
- Use free, user-friendly tools to generate QR codes linked to this information.
- Integrate QR codes into your physical or digital menus.
- Improve your customers' insect food literacy and create a more transparent experience.

2. Understanding the Key Issues

Psychological and Social Barriers

Multiple studies over the past five years confirm that reluctance to consume insects in Europe is not necessarily based on logic, but rather on perception and lack of familiarity. Among the most common barriers: Neophobia: Many people reject unfamiliar foods instinctively.





Misinformation: Consumers may assume insects are unsafe, allergenic, or unregulated. Lack of visibility: If customers don't understand how and why insects are being used in a dish, their trust and acceptance drop significantly.

Current Behaviors

- Many restaurants simply label dishes as "with cricket flour" or "insect protein", offering little explanation.
- Lack of knowledge leads to avoidance, not engagement.

Data from Recent Studies:

EFSA Report (2022):

Transparency regarding ingredient sourcing and production processes significantly improves consumer confidence in novel foods, including insect-based ingredients. Link:

Wageningen University Study (2021):

A study from Wageningen University showed that menus with educational components (e.g., QR codes, storytelling, or chef commentary) increased consumer willingness to try novel ingredients by 25%. Link:

EIPRA Consumer Survey (2023):

According to a 2023 survey conducted by the European Insect Protein Association (EIPRA), 6 out of 10 consumers would be open to eating insect-based food if they knew exactly what it was made. Link:

3. Step-by-Step Operational Guidelines

This section outlines a full roadmap to create, integrate, and use QR codes to share edible insect ingredient insights with your customers, even if you have no technical experience.

Step 1: Identify Insect-Based Ingredients in Your Menu

Go through your current dishes and flag any that include insect-based ingredients in any form, such as: Cricket flour in cookies; Mealworm purée sauces; Grasshopper protein in burgers; Insect-based condiments or seasonings, etc. List these ingredients clearly with both common and scientific names, and clarify how they're used:

- **Function** (e.g., protein source, binding agent, texture enhancer)
- Visibility (e.g., whole insect, flour, extract)

Step 2: Create Ingredient Profiles (In Simple Language)

For each insect ingredient, prepare a digital card or page that includes:

• Common Name: e.g., Buffalo Worms





- Scientific Name: Alphitobius diaperinus
- **Description**: Origin, look, culinary uses.
- Nutritional Value: e.g., "High in protein, vitamin B12, and iron."
- Sourcing Information: e.g., "Farmed in EU under EFSA safety guidelines."
- Taste Profile: Describe flavor in relatable terms.
- Sustainability Benefits: e.g., "90% less land use than beef."
- Fun Fact or Trivia: Something curious or inviting (e.g., "Buffalo worms are cousins of the mealworm and are becoming a top protein source for athletes in the EU.")

Include visuals when possible: photos, icons or infographics.

Step 3: Create web site or repository with that information (no coding needed)

There are several free tools that allow you to create simple web pages, accessible by smartphone. Here are some ideal options:

Tool	Туре	Pros	Website
Canva (Free)	Visual page or PDF	Easy to design and share	www.canva.com
Google Docs	Simple text page	Very easy to edit and share	docs.google.com
Notion	Web page	Stylish and organized	www.notion.so
Linktree	Menu-style hub	Combine multiple pages	www.linktr.ee

Instructions (Example: Google Docs):

- 1. Open Google Docs.
- 2. Create a new document.
- 3. Paste your ingredient profile (including image and linkse explained before).
- 4. Click "Share," set visibility to "Anyone with the link," and copy that link.
- 5. Save or name the document clearly (e.g., "Cricket Flour Info").

Repeat this for each insect-based ingredient or dish.

Step 4: Generate the QR Codes (Free Tools)

Once your information is online, you need to generate a QR code that links to it. Use one of these free online tools:

- https://www.grcode-monkey.com
- www.qr-code-generator.com





- https://qrcodeonly.com
- https://www.squarebarcode.com

Instructions:

- 1. Open the generator.
- 2. Paste your ingredient page URL.
- 3. Customize the design (optional—e.g., add a small icon).
- 4. Click "Generate QR."
- 5. Download and save the QR code image.
- 6. Label it clearly (e.g., "QR_cricket_flour.png").

Test each QR with your phone to make sure it works.

Step 5: Add the QR Codes to Your Menu

You can add QR codes: -Next to each dish with insect ingredients. -At the bottom of your menu with the phrase: "Want to know what's in your food? Scan to learn more!" -On placemats, table tents, or chalkboards. -On your website's digital menu.

Make sure the QR is visible, not hidden in a corner. Use clear icons or visual cues like:

2 Scan to Discover the Ingredients 2 Explore What You're Eating

Step 6: Train Staff and Promote Interaction

Train your staff to introduce the system politely: "If you're curious about our ingredients, you can scan the code to read more." "We believe in transparency, feel free to explore!"

Printed versions of the ingredient profiles can be offered to customers without smartphones or internet access.

4. Addressing Consumer Perceptions and Engagement

How you present your QR system matters. Use it not just as an informative tool, but as a storytelling opportunity.

- Frame it positively: "Discover the story behind your dish" is better than "Ingredients info."
- Include interesting trivia or "Did you know?" sections.
- Let customers feel like culinary explorers, not guinea pigs.
- If possible, integrate quotes from chefs or suppliers ("We work with local producers committed to EU safety standards").

Add-ons to Boost Engagement: Short videos or photos of the farming process; Customer reviews or first-timer impressions; A feedback link or simple poll: "Did you find this info helpful?"





5. Implementation Strategies for Food Businesses & Educators

Restaurants and Cafés

- Start with one or two QR-enhanced dishes as a pilot.
- Evaluate reactions before expanding to the full menu.
- Promote the QR experience on social media or in the restaurant window.

Culinary Schools and Training Centers

- Assign students to create ingredient profiles and test different menu formats.
- Include digital food communication in the curriculum.
- Use mock restaurants or food fairs to test customer reactions.

6. Measuring Impact and Adjusting Strategies

How to Measure Success

- Use QR analytics (some generators offer tracking of scan numbers).
- Track dish sales before and after introducing the QR menu.
- Gather qualitative feedback via comment cards or short surveys.
- Ask staff to report on questions or comments they receive.

How to Improve Over Time

- Update ingredient pages as new studies or trends appear.
- Improve visual content and simplify wording based on customer feedback.
- Create seasonal versions with new dishes or new insects.

Anticipated Challenges

- Low engagement: Use clearer call-to-action phrases or make QRs more visible.
- **Tech issues**: Offer printed versions or install Wi-Fi boosters.
- Skepticism: Emphasize transparency and fun, not obligation.

7. Conclusion and Key Takeaways

Using QR codes to share ingredient insights is a powerful yet simple way to educate and engage your customers. It builds trust, encourages informed choices, and transforms unfamiliar insect-based foods into opportunities for curiosity and conversation.

Summary

• Identify insect ingredients and create short educational pages.





- Use free tools to link that information with QR codes.
- Add them visibly to your menu and train staff to guide customers.
- Measure reactions and improve your system based on real feedback.

Call to Action

Start small. Create one page. Generate one QR. Add it to one dish. From that simple act, you will take a giant step toward making edible insect cuisine approachable, respected, and mainstream.

Guideline 2: Including Trustable Sources of Information about Insect-Based Ingredients Used in Your Establishment

As edible insects gain ground in sustainable European gastronomy, the question is no longer whether to include them, but how to communicate their use in a transparent and trustworthy way. Customers may be curious, but they are also cautious and when dealing with unfamiliar ingredients like insect protein, credibility becomes key.

This guideline is designed to help restaurants, chefs, food educators and hospitality professionals integrate verified and trustable sources of information about insect-based ingredients into their menus, communication materials and customer experience. The aim is to increase consumer confidence, improve food literacy and normalize insect consumption through fact-based transparency.

Why This Guideline Is Important

Misinformation and misconceptions about edible insects are widespread. Scientific approval and safety certifications are already in place but customers rarely know this. By embedding clear, accessible and referenced information in your establishment, you address doubts before they arise and create a culture of informed curiosity.

Objectives

By following this guideline, you will:

- Identify reliable sources of information on edible insects.
- Learn how to present those sources to customers in accessible ways.
- Improve trust and acceptance of insect-based foods.
- Support educational goals in hospitality and culinary training settings.

2. Understanding the Key Issues

Consumer Trust and Novel Foods

Consumer perception of edible insects is heavily shaped by emotional responses and risk avoidance. According to EFSA and recent academic research, one of the most effective ways





to counteract fear and disgust is through trust-building communication that includes references to credible institutions, scientific studies and food safety protocols.

Common Customer Concerns

Is this safe to eat? What exactly am I eating? Is this legal or regulated in the EU? Where did this come from? What's the nutritional benefit? These concerns are natural. Your role is not only to answer them, but to do so with traceable, verified information.

Evidence from Research

- A 2022 study in Appetite found that food transparency significantly increases consumer willingness to try insect-based foods.
 Link:
- A 2021 article in Foods highlights that trust in institutions such as government agencies, certification bodies, and food producers significantly increases consumer perceptions of food safety and health, as well as their willingness to repurchase.Link:

3. Step-by-Step Operational Guidelines

Step 1: Identify What Information Your Customers May Want

Think like a guest who's never tried insects before. What would you want to know?: -What insect is being used? -What are its benefits? -Is it safe? -Where did it come from?

Make a list of FAQs or gather real questions from your staff's experience.

Step 2: Select Reliable, Verifiable Sources

Choose sources that are:

- Published or endorsed by a recognized authority.
- Easy to access and verify online.
- Written in clear, factual language.
- Updated within the last 5 years.

Trusted Sources with Links:

Category	Institution /	What It Provides	Link
	Source		
EFSA	European Food	Novel food	https://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/topics/topic/novel-
	Safety	safety	food
	Authority	evaluations	
	(EFSA)		
EU Portal	EU Novel Food	Approved insect	https://food.ec.europa.eu/safety/novel-
	Authorisations	species in EU	food/authorisations/insects en







FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)	Sustainability and nutrition reports	https://www.fao.org/edible-insects
Scientific	Journal of	Peer-reviewed	https://www.wageningenacademic.com/loi/jiff
Journal	Insects as Food	research on	
	and Feed (JIFF)	edible insects	
Academic	Wageningen	Research on	https://www.wur.nl/en/research-
Research	University &	insect	results/themas/edible-insects.htm
	Research	production and	
		consumer	
		perception	
Certification	Entotrust	Certification	https://www.entotrust.org
		label for safe and	
		traceable insect	
		food	
Public Info	EUFIC	Science-based	https://www.eufic.org
	(European	food	
	Food	communication	
	Information	for the public	
	Council)		

Trusted Sources by Each Approved Insect Ingredient (EU)

Ingredient	Scientific	Key Source /	Link
	Name	Description	
Mealwor	Tenebrio	EFSA	https://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/efsajournal/pub/6343
m (Yellow)	molitor	approval	
		(2021)	
		Nutritional	https://www.mdpi.com/2304-8158/10/4/806
		analysis in	
		Foods	
		(2021)	
		FAO edible	https://www.fao.org/edible-insects/en/
		insects	
		portal	
House	Acheta	EFSA	https://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/efsajournal/pub/7078
Cricket	domesticus	approval	
		(2022)	
		WUR	https://edepot.wur.nl/409283
		consumer	
		acceptance	
		study	
		FAO	https://www.fao.org/3/i3253e/i3253e.pdf
		nutritional	
		composition	
		factsheet	
Buffalo	Alphitobius	EFSA risk	https://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/efsajournal/pub/7607
Worm	diaperinus	assessment	
		(2022)	111 11 12075 2545 440 45 44025
		Nutritional	https://www.mdpi.com/2076-2615/10/6/1036
		value in	
		journal	





		Perception	https://www.wageningenacademic.com/doi/abs/10.3920/JIFF2020.0058
		and safety	
		overview	
Migratory	Locusta	EFSA	https://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/efsajournal/pub/6907
Locust	migratoria	approval	
		(2021)	
		FAO	https://www.fao.org/3/i1380e/i1380e.pdf
		grasshopper	
		factsheet	
		Review in	https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fnut.2021.722508/full
		Frontiers in	
		Nutrition	

Step 3: Incorporate Sources into Your Materials.

Here are practical ways to integrate this information:

A. Menu Footnotes

Insect Ravioli (with Acheta flour)
Contains EU-approved cricket flour from certified European farms.
Learn more at

B. Menu Pages

-Create short ingredient explanation pages. -Add direct links to EFSA or FAO sources. -Embed logos (EFSA, EU Organic) for visual authority.

C. Table Posters or Cards

Why Insects?

"The European Food Safety Authority approved the safety of cricket and mealworm powders in 2021." Source:

D. Website or Social Media

Create a "Why We Use Insects" page or section in your website. Add trusted references and downloadable PDFs. Link to articles from reputable journals.

Step 4: Train Staff to Reference Sources Confidently

Your staff should be able to say: "Yes, the cricket flour we use is EFSA-approved." "You can read more on the FAO website. We also have the link on our menu and website." Provide staff with a one-page handout or internal document that summarizes: -What ingredients you use. -Where they come from. -What sources back them up

Step 5: Keep Printed or Digital Reference Sheets Available

Have a simple A4 document or small booklet available with: -Ingredient names (common + scientific). -Their safety approval status. -Nutrition highlights. -Source links -You can display it near the bar, at the entrance, or offer it upon request.

Sample Entry:





Buffalo		Worm		(Alphitobius		diaperinus)
	EFSA	approved	as	novel	food	(2023)
$ \checkmark $	Farn	ned	under	HACCP		conditions

More info

4. Addressing Consumer Perceptions and Engagement

Keep It Friendly, Not Academic

Use plain language and reassure with facts. Examples: -"Approved by the European Food Safety Authority." -"Tested for safety and nutrition by European scientists."

Add Visual Touches

Reinforce Curiosity

"Want to know more? Scan or click for trusted sources." "Learn why the UN and EU support insect food."

5. Implementation Strategies for Food Businesses & Educators

Restaurants

- Add one referenced source per insect-based dish.
- Design a laminated "Ingredient Transparency" card.
- Train staff to refer to EFSA and FAO and identified trusted info when asked.

Culinary Schools and VET Institutions

- Assign students to find and evaluate scientific references.
- Use group work to build menus with citations.
- Create role plays "customer dialogue" exercises.
- 6. Measuring Impact and Adjusting Strategies

How to Monitor

-Ask staff if customers are asking fewer or more questions. -Track how many people use the links or view reference pages. -Gather comments: "Did the information provided make you feel more confident?"

How to Adjust

- -Simplify wording or visuals based on feedback. -Add graphics, audio or video explainers. Update links as new approvals or studies appear.
- 7. Conclusion and Key Takeaways

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Action Manual



Credible communication builds trust. Including verified, well-presented sources about insect-based ingredients helps customers feel secure, respected, and curious. It's one of the most powerful, and simple, ways to support sustainable food literacy and promote entomophagy.

Summary

- Identify the main questions customers have.
- Select and display trusted sources clearly.
- Use menus, website, posters and staff scripts to communicate.
- Keep the tone clear, factual, and approachable.

Call to Action: Start by referencing one insect ingredient with a source your customers can check. That small act creates transparency, builds credibility, and makes your establishment a leader in informed, sustainable cuisine.

Conclusion

The Insects Innovation in Gastronomy – Action Manual marks an important step toward redefining the future of food. As global challenges around sustainability, nutrition, and climate intensify, edible insects offer a viable, resource-efficient, and nutritionally dense alternative that is already recognized by major scientific and policy bodies worldwide.

However, widespread acceptance of insect-based foods will not be achieved through novelty alone—it requires thoughtful strategy, cultural sensitivity, and above all, collaboration across the culinary, educational, and food innovation sectors. This manual provides 14 evidence-based, practical, and adaptable guidelines designed to support that mission.

From structuring insect-inclusive menus and designing persuasive communication, to forming meaningful partnerships and building consumer trust, each guideline is a call to action. Whether you are a chef, a food provider, an educator, or a product developer, your role is essential in turning the promise of sustainable gastronomy into everyday reality.

By implementing these approaches, you are not only introducing a new ingredient—you are shaping a new mindset, contributing to global food security, and leading a bold movement toward ecological and culinary innovation. Let this manual be your toolkit, your inspiration, and your starting point.





Acknowledgment Statement



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